

BEGIN SEPTEMBER 25, 1961

30.24- 1767

A28UN  
NIGHT LEAD KENNEDY-U.N. ROUNDUP (1,000)  
BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

UNITED NATIONS, SEPT. 25 (AP)-PRESIDENT KENNEDY SOLEMNLY CHALLENGED RUSSIA TO A "PEACE RACE" TODAY AND WARNED THE 99 UNITED NATIONS THAT UNLESS MEN NOW QUICKLY LEARN TO CONTROL THEIR WEAPONS AND THEIR QUARRELS THEY MAY SHORTLY DESTROY THEMSELVES.

THE NEXT 10 MONTHS ARE CRUCIAL FOR THE FUTURE OF THE WORLD, HE SAID.

THE YOUTHFUL U.S. EXECUTIVE ON HIS FIRST APPEARANCE HERE EVIDENTLY SOUNDED HIS LOUD ALARM IN AN EFFORT TO PUSH RUSSIA TOWARD AGREEMENT ON FRESH NEGOTIATIONS OVER BERLIN AND DISARMAMENT.

HE LAID OUT A SIX-POINT DISARMAMENT PLAN, OFFERING TO FREEZE NUCLEAR WEAPONS PRODUCTION AND POSSESSION VIRTUALLY AS SOON AS INTERNATIONAL CONTROLS TO PREVENT CHEATING COULD BE ORGANIZED. HE WAS CHALLENGING THE SOVIET UNION, HE SAID, "NOT TO AN ARMS RACE BUT TO A PEACE RACE."

SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO SAT STOLID AND IMPASSIVE AS KENNEDY SPOKE THOSE WORDS. HE OCCUPIED A FRONT ROW SEAT SCARCELY A DOZEN FEET AWAY FROM KENNEDY.

KENNEDY SOUGHT, TOO, TO RALLY THE SMALLER NATIONS OF THE WORLD TO A CAMPAIGN TO SAVE THE U.N. FROM WHAT HE CONSIDERS SOVIET WRECKING TACTICS. AND SIMULTANEOUSLY HE TRIED TO GET ACROSS TO SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KRUSHCHEV, THROUGH GROMYKO, THAT IF RUSSIA TRIES TO TAKE OVER BERLIN, LAOS OR ANY OTHER AREA AT THE RISK OF WAR THE UNITED STATES STANDS READY TO EMPLOY NUCLEAR WEAPONS IF NECESSARY.

THE UNITED STATES HAS "BOTH THE WILL AND THE WEAPONS" TO DEFEND FREEDOM, KENNEDY SAID, BUT IT SEEKS PEACEFUL NEGOTIATION NOT MILITARY CONFLICT.

AFTER THE ASSEMBLY SESSION ENDED A FEW MINUTES PAST NOON KENNEDY WENT TO A RECEPTION IN THE DELEGATES LOUNGE. THERE HE TALKED INFORMALLY AND PRIVATELY WITH A GROUP INCLUDING GROMYKO AND INDIAN DEFENSE MINISTER V.K. KRISHNA MENON. WHAT THEY DISCUSSED WAS NOT DISCLOSED. GROMYKO AND KRISHNA MENON MADE NO PUBLIC COMMENT ON KENNEDY'S SPEECH.

KENNEDY HELD OUT HOPE OF A PEACEFUL SOLUTION TO THE BERLIN CRISIS, BUT HIS SUMMING UP OF THE STATE OF THE WORLD TODAY RUMBLED WITH THE ADVANCING THUNDER OF SOME NUCLEAR ARMAGEDDON. HIS SPEECH MIGHT HAVE SOUNDED MUCH LIKE THE USUAL ORATORY OF EAST-WEST PROPAGANDA DUELING EXCEPT THAT THE PRESIDENT HAS BEEN REPORTED EXTREMELY CONCERNED ABOUT KHRUSHCHEV'S BELLIGERENCE AND THE GROWING DANGERS OF WAR IN THE LAST FEW MONTHS.

THE U.S. LEADER WAS GREETED WITH A STANDING OVATION WHEN HE ENTERED THE ASSEMBLY HALL. GROMYKO JOINED IN THE APPLAUSE. BUT GROMYKO SAT WITH SILENT HANDS WHILE KENNEDY SPOKE, THOUGH OTHER DELEGATIONS INTERRUPTED HIS 38-MINUTE SPEECH SIX TIMES. SO FAR AS COULD BE JUDGED FROM THE GALLERIES OTHER COMMUNIST BLOC COUNTRIES FOLLOWED GROMYKO'S LEAD.

KENNEDY GOT A 40-SECOND OVATION AT THE END, AND ASSEMBLY PRESIDENT MONGI SLIM SAID JUST BEFORE THE PRESIDENT LEFT THE BIG GOLD, BLUE AND GREEN HALL THAT HE WAS SURE THE MESSAGE WOULD BE STUDIED BY ALL DELEGATIONS "WITH THE ATTENTION AND SERIOUSNESS IT WARRANTS."

AMBASSADOR C.S. JHA OF INDIA TOLD REPORTERS AS THE CROWDS POURED OUT OF THE AUDITORIUM THAT IT WAS A "VERY FINE SPEECH." AMBASSADOR ALEX QUAISSON-SACKEY OF GHANA, A LEADER OF THE 46-COUNTRY ASIAN-AFRICAN BLOC, SAID "IT WAS A THOUGHT-PROVOKING SPEECH THAT NEEDS CLOSE EXAMINATION. I WAS VERY FAVORABLY IMPRESSED."

IN DEVELOPMENTS OF THE NEXT FEW DAYS AND WEEKS THE SUCCESS OF THE SPEECH WILL BE JUDGED HERE IN LARGE PART BY HOW THE NEUTRALIST NATIONS

LIKE INDIA AND GHANA LINE UP ON CRITICAL ISSUES SUCH AS SELECTION OF A SUCCESSOR TO THE LATE SECRETARY-GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD, WHAT KENNEDY TRIED TO HAMMER HOME TO THEM WAS THAT IN HIS JUDGEMENT EVERYTHING THEY DO MUST HAVE THE MOST FATEFUL CONSEQUENCES: THERE IS LITTLE MARGIN FOR ERROR.

"THE EVENTS AND DECISIONS OF THE NEXT 10 MONTHS," KENNEDY DECLARED,

"MAY WELL DECIDE THE FATE OF MAN FOR THE NEXT TEN THOUSAND YEARS." AS HE SPOKE THOSE WORDS, STANDING BEHIND THE WIDE LECTERN AND FACING THE ATTENTIVE DELEGATES, HE SLOWED THE PACE OF HIS SPEECH AND JABBED AT THE AUDIENCE WITH HIS RIGHT INDEX FINGER, IN A FAMILIAR GESTURE. HE SEEMED TO WANT THAT WARNING TO IMPRESS ESPECIALLY ON THE MINDS OF DIPLOMATICS AND GOVERNMENTS. HE CONTINUED TO SPEAK SLOWLY AND PUNCH AT THE AUDIENCE AS HE ADDED:

"WE SHALL BE REMEMBERED EITHER AS THE GENERATION THAT TURNED THIS PLANET INTO A FLAMING PYRE OR THE GENERATION THAT MET ITS VOW 'TO SAVE SUCCEEDING GENERATIONS FROM THE SCOURGE OF WAR.'"

PERHAPS NO LEADER OF A MAJOR NATION HAD EVER BEFORE RAISED SUCH A DOOMSDAY CRY IN SUCH A GREAT INTERNATIONAL FORUM. IT SUPPLIED THE MAIN THEME FOR EVERYTHING HE SAID ABOUT SPECIFIC PROBLEMS:

--HE ASSERTED THE UNITED STATES HAS "THE WILL AND THE WEAPONS" TO FIGHT AGAINST RED AGGRESSION AND IN DEFENSE OF FREEDOM. BUT HE PLEDGED HIMSELF TO SEEK A PEACEFUL SOLUTION OF THE BERLIN CRISIS. HE INDICATED READINESS TO ACCEPT TEMPORARILY THE DIVISION OF GERMANY BETWEEN WEST AND COMMUNIST RULE.

--HE PROPOSED A SIX-POINT U.S. DISARMAMENT PROGRAM AND CALLED ON THE RUSSIANS TO HELP GET NEGOTIATIONS STARTED PROMPTLY. TO A BURST OF APPLAUSE HE SAID, "THE WEAPONS OF WAR MUST BE ABOLISHED BEFORE THEY ABOLISH US."

--HE SUMMONED THE NON-ALIGNED NATIONS WHO HOLD THE BALANCE OF POWER BETWEEN RUSSIA AND THE ALLIES TO REJECT RUSSIA'S "TROIKA" PROPOSAL TO REPLACE HAMMARSKJOLD WITH A THREE-MAN BOARD. THAT WOULD CREATE ANARCHY, PARALYSIS AND CONFUSION, KENNEDY SAID, AND WOULD ENTRENCH THE COLD WAR IN THE HEADQUARTERS OF PEACE.

--HE PRESSURED RUSSIA TO SIGN WITH THE U.S. AND BRITAIN IMMEDIATELY A TREATY BANNING NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS UNDER INTERNATIONAL CONTROLS. SUCH A TREATY SAID KENNEDY IS "THE LOGICAL PLACE TO BEGIN" DISARMAMENT.

--HE RECOMMENDED THAT ALL U.N. MEMBER NATIONS START EARMARKING AND TRAINING FORCES FOR A U.N. "PEACE-KEEPING" FORCE, A KIND OF WORLD POLICE FORCE. U.N. PEACE-MAKING MACHINERY ALSO MUST BE STRENGTHENED, THE PRESIDENT SAID, AND THE PEACE-COMMITMENTS OF THE CHARTER SHOULD BE EXTENDED TO OUTER SPACE BEFORE THE COLD WAR GETS THERE.

KENNEDY DEVOTED MORE SPACE TO DISARMAMENT THAN ANY OTHER SINGLE SUBJECT ALTHOUGH ON THAT AS ON BERLIN HE HAD NO ESSENTIALLY NEW TECHNIQUES OR COMMITMENTS TO OFFER. HE DID INTRODUCE CHANGES IN THE TIMING OF DISARMAMENT STEPS WHICH KENNEDY AIDES SAID WERE VERY SIGNIFICANT. HE ALSO underscored the determination of the western allies to fight for Berlin, if necessary, saying:

"THE WESTERN POWERS HAVE CALMLY RESOLVED TO DEFEND, BY WHATEVER MEANS ARE FORCED UPON THEM, THEIR OBLIGATIONS AND THEIR ACCESS TO THE FREE CITIZENS OF WEST BERLIN AND THE SELF-DETERMINATION OF THOSE CITIZENS."

IN MOST OF HIS SPEECH KENNEDY REFRAINED FROM ATTACKING THE COMMUNISTS DIRECTLY THOUGH THERE WAS NO DOUBT WHAT HE WAS TALKING ABOUT WHEN HE REFERRED, FOR EXAMPLE, TO SOUTH VIET NAM BEING UNDER ATTACK BY GUERRILLAS WITHOUT SAYING SPECIFICALLY HE MEANT COMMUNIST GUERRILLAS.

BUT IN TALKING ABOUT COLONIALISM, ALWAYS A POPULAR ISSUE WITH THE NEW ASIAN AND AFRICAN NATIONS, KENNEDY SPOTLIGHTED HIS TARGET EXACTLY AS THE "COMMUNIST EMPIRE." HE SAID THE WESTERN POWERS HAD FREED OR WERE FREEING THEIR COLONIAL TERRITORIES AND THE UNITED STATES AS A FORMER COLONY SUPPORTS SELF-DETERMINATION.

"...THERE IS NO IGNORING THE FACT," HE SAID, "THE TIDE OF SELF-DETERMINATION HAS NOT YET REACHED THE COMMUNIST EMPIRE WHERE A POPULATION FAR LARGER THAN THAT OFFICIALLY TERMED 'DEPENDENT' LIVES UNDER GOVERNMENTS INSTALLED BY FOREIGN TROOPS..."

HE DREW APPLAUSE WHEN HE ADDED: "LET US DEBATE COLONIALISM IN FULL AND APPLY THE PRINCIPLE OF FREE CHOICE AND THE PRACTICE OF FREE PLEBISCITES IN EVERY PART OF THE GLOBE."

KENNEDY ALSO PULLED HIS PUNCHES LESS WHEN HE DEALT WITH THE ISSUE OF RUSSIA'S DEMAND TO REPLACE HAMMARSKJOLD WITH A THREE-MAN BOARD, ON WHICH EACH OF THE MEMBERS, INCLUDING THE SOVIET, WOULD HAVE A VETO. THIS IS KNOWN AS THE TROIKA PROPOSAL FROM A RUSSIAN WORD MEANING ANY GROUP OF THREE AND PARTICULARLY A THREE-HORSE SLEIGH.

"HOWEVER DIFFICULT IT WILL BE TO FILL MR. HAMMARSKJOLD'S PLACE," KENNEDY SAID, "IT CAN BETTER BE FILLED BY ONE MAN THAN BY THREE. EVEN THE THREE HORSES OF THE TROIKA DID NOT HAVE THREE DRIVERS, ALL GOING IN DIFFERENT DIRECTIONS. THEY HAD ONLY ONE--AND SO MUST THE U.N. EXECUTIVE."

TO ADOPT THE SOVIET PLAN FOR OPERATING THE U.N.'S EXECUTIVE ARM, KENNEDY SAID, WOULD "REPLACE ORDER WITH ANARCHY, ACTION WITH PARALYSIS, AND CONFIDENCE WITH GROSS CONFUSION."

KENNEDY'S SPEECH WAS FULL OF STATEMENTS THAT SOUNDED LIKE PROVERBS, POETIC AND ETERNAL IN QUALITY. HE USED ONE OF THOSE EPIGRAMMATIC DECLARATIONS AT THIS POINT, ARGUING THAT IT IS TO THE SELF-INTEREST OF SMALL NATIONS, WHO WERE WELL SERVED BY HAMMARSKJOLD, TO SEE THAT POWER NOW GOES INTO THE HANDS OF A SINGLE MAN AGAIN.

"UNTIL ALL THE POWERFUL ARE JUST," SAID KENNEDY, "THE WEAK WILL BE SECURE ONLY IN THE STRENGTH OF THIS ASSEMBLY."

WHEN HE CAME TO DISCUSS THE SUBJECT OF BERLIN, KENNEDY REJECTED SHARPLY SOVIET CLAIMS, SOMETIMES VOICED BY KRUSHCHEV AS WELL AS OTHERS, THAT THE UNITED STATES IS THREATENING A WAR TO STOP KRUSHCHEV FROM SIGNING A PEACE TREATY WITH COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY.

HE SAID THE WESTERN ALLIES "ARE NOT CONCERNED WITH ANY PAPER ARRANGEMENT" AND THAT NO SUCH ARRANGEMENTS CAN AFFECT THEIR RIGHTS OR RESPONSIBILITIES IN BERLIN.

THE DANGEROUS CRISIS ARISES, KENNEDY SAID, BECAUSE OF THREATS AGAINST THE VITAL INTERESTS OF THE WEST AND THE FREEDOM OF THE WEST BERLINERS. FURTHERMORE, SAID KENNEDY, THE ESSENTIAL FACT ABOUT THE CRISIS IS THAT IT IS UNNECESSARY--IT CAN BE SETTLED BY NEGOTIATION IF NEGOTIATIONS ARE "ROOTED IN MUTUAL RESPECT AND CONCERN FOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS."

"THE WESTERN POWERS," SAID KENNEDY, "HAVE CALMLY RESOLVED TO DEFEND, BY WHATEVER MEANS ARE FORCED UPON THEM, THEIR OBLIGATIONS AND THEIR ACCESS TO THE FREE CITIZENS OF WEST BERLIN AND THE SELF-DETERMINATION OF THOSE CITIZENS. THIS GENERATION LEARNED FROM BITTER EXPERIENCE THAT EITHER BRANDISHING OR YIELDING TO THREATS CAN ONLY LEAD TO WAR. BUT FIRMNESS AND REASON CAN LEAD TO THE KIND OF PEACEFUL SOLUTION IN WHICH MY COUNTRY PROFOUNDLY BELIEVES."

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A139UN  
KENNEDY-BERLIN (400)  
BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

UNITED NATIONS, SEPT. 25 (AP)-PRESIDENT KENNEDY TOLD THE UNITED NATIONS TODAY THAT THE UNITED STATES AND ITS ALLIES HAVE DECIDED TO DEFEND WEST BERLIN "BY WHATEVER MEANS ARE FORCED UPON THEM." BUT HE BRANDED THE BERLIN CRISIS "UNNECESSARY" AND PLEDGED TO WORK FOR A PEACEFUL SOLUTION.

BY HIS WORDS HE APPARENTLY SOUGHT TO WARN SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KRUSHCHEV AGAINST FORCING THE ALLIED HAND. YET AT THE SAME TIME HE HELD OUT PROSPECTS FOR WIDE RANGING NEGOTIATIONS, SAYING THAT "WE ARE COMMITTED TO NO RIGID FORMULA" AND "SEE NO PERFECT SOLUTION."

IN EFFECT ACCEPTING THE DIVISION OF GERMANY AND BERLIN KENNEDY ALSO SAID "WE RECOGNIZE THAT TROOPS AND TANKS CAN, FOR A TIME, KEEP A NATION DIVIDED AGAINST ITS WILL, HOWEVER UNWISE THAT POLICY MAY BE." THIS COMMENT FOLLOWED BY TWO DAYS REPORTS FROM BERLIN ITSELF THAT U.S. AUTHORITIES ARE ADVISING WEST GERMAN LEADERS TO BEGIN THINKING OF COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY AS A REALITY THEY MUST LIVE WITH.

THE PRESIDENT TOLD THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY HE DID NOT YET KNOW WHAT WOULD BE THE OUTCOME OF U.S.-SOVIET EFFORTS TO ARRANGE NEGOTIATIONS ON BERLIN. TALKS WERE STRATED HERE LAST WEEK BY SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK AND FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO. THEY ARE EXPECTED TO MEET AGAIN IN A DAY OR SO.

"THE POSSIBILITIES OF NEGOTIATION ARE NOW BEING EXPLORED," KENNEDY DECLARED. "IT IS TOO EARLY TO REPORT WHAT THE PROSPECTS MAY BE. FOR OUR PART WE WILL BE GLAD TO REPORT AT THE APPROPRIATE TIME THAT A SOLUTION HAS BEEN FOUND.

"FOR THIS IS NO NEED FOR A CRISIS OVER BERLIN--AND IF THOSE WHO CREATED THIS CRISIS DESIRE PEACE, THERE WILL ALWAYS BE PEACE IN BERLIN." KENNEDY LINKED THE BERLIN AND SOUTHEAST ASIAN CRISES AS TWO THREATS TO PEACE IN THE WORLD. HE SAID THE UNITED STATES WANTS A "TRULY NEUTRAL" LAOS FOR WHICH IT HAS BEEN NEGOTIATING WITH THE COMMUNIST NATIONS AT GENEVA FOR MONTHS. DURING MUCH OF THE PERIOD A SHAKY CEASE-FIRE HAS BEEN IN EXISTENCE IN THE LITTLE KINGDOM.

"NOW THE NEGOTIATIONS OVER LAOS ARE REACHING A CRUCIAL STAGE," KENNEDY SAID. "THE CEASE-FIRE IS AT BEST PRECARIOUS. LAOTIAN TERRITORY IS BEING USED TO INFILTRATE SOUTH VIETNAM. THE WORLD COMMUNITY MUST RECOGNIZE THAT THIS POTENT THREAT TO LAOTIAN PEACE AND FREEDOM IS INDIVISIBLE FROM ALL OTHER THREATS TO THEIR OWN."

KENNEDY DESCRIBED THE BERLIN CRISIS AS "DANGEROUS" AND SAID THE WESTERN POWERS, AND THE FREEDOM OF WEST BERLIN" ARE DIRECTLY INVOLVED. "WE CANNOT YIELD THESE INTERESTS" HE SAID, "WE CANNOT FAIL THESE COMMITMENTS. WE CANNOT SURRENDER THE FREEDOM OF PEOPLE FOR WHOM WE ARE RESPONSIBLE."

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1961  
A140UN  
KENNEDY-TROIKA (450)  
BY WILLIAM N. OATIS

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 25 (AP)-PRESIDENT KENNEDY TODAY DENOUNCED THE SOVIET TROIKA PLAN AS THREATENING THE UNITED NATIONS WITH ANARCHY, PARALYSIS AND CONFUSION.

HE CALLED UPON THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY TO REJECT PREMIER KRUSHCHEV'S FORMULA FOR A THREE-MAN BOARD TO REPLACE THE SINGLE POST HELD BY SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD.

IN FORCEFUL WORDS THAT DREW THE FIRST APPLAUSE FROM THE 99-NATION ASSEMBLY DURING HIS SPEECH, THE PRESIDENT DECLARED:

"TO GIVE THIS ORGANIZATION THREE DRIVERS--TO PERMIT EACH GREAT POWER IN EFFECT TO DECIDE ITS OWN CASE--WOULD ENTRENCH THE COLD WAR IN THE HEADQUARTERS OF PEACE."

"WHATEVER ADVANTAGES SUCH A PLAN HOLDS OUT TO MY COUNTRY, AS ONE OF THE GREAT POWERS, WE REJECT IT."

THE PRESIDENT TOOK THE ROSTRUM A WEEK AFTER HAMMARSKJOLD DIED IN A PLANE CRASH IN AFRICA.

THE SOVIET IDEA THAT THE UNITED NATIONS SHOULD BE HEADED BY THREE MEN REPRESENTING THE COMMUNIST, WESTERN-ALLIED AND NEUTRALIST

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SPHERES CHECKING ONE ANOTHER BY VETO IS CALLED THE TROIKA AFTER A RUSSIAN THREE-HORSE CARRIAGE. "HOWEVER DIFFICULT IT WILL BE TO FILL MR. HAMMARSKJOLD'S PLACE," KENNEDY SAID, "IT CAN BETTER BE FILLED BY ONE MAN THAN BY THREE. EVEN THE THREE HORSES OF THE TROIKA DID NOT HAVE THREE DRIVERS, ALL GOING IN DIFFERENT DIRECTIONS. THEY HAD ONLY ONE--AND SO MUST THE U.N. EXECUTIVE.

"TO INSTALL A TRIUMVIRATE, OR ANY PANEL OR ROTATING AUTHORITY, IN THE UNITED NATIONS ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES WOULD REPLACE ORDER WITH ANARCHY, ACTION WITH PARALYSIS AND CONFIDENCE WITH GROSS CONFUSION."

OPENING HIS SPEECH WITH A TRIBUTE TO HAMMARSKJOLD, KENNEDY SAID: "DAG HAMMARSKJOLD IS DEAD. BUT THE UNITED NATIONS LIVES ON. HIS TRAGEDY IS DEEP IN OUR HEARTS, BUT THE TASK FOR WHICH HE DIED IS AT THE TOP OF OUR AGENDA..."

"THE PROBLEM IS NOT THE DEATH OF ONE MAN--THE PROBLEM IS THE LIFE OF THIS ORGANIZATION..."

SPEAKING APPARENTLY OF SOME INTERIM U. N. LEADERSHIP, KENNEDY SAID THAT DEDICATION TO THAT CHARTER "MUST BE STRENGTHENED FIRST OF ALL, BY THE SELECTION OF AN OUTSTANDING CIVIL SERVANT TO CARRY FORWARD THE RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL."

HE SAID THIS SHOULD BE "A MAN ENDORED WITH BOTH THE WISDOM AND THE POWER TO MAKE MEANINGFUL THE MORAL FORCE OF THE WORLD COMMUNITY."

HE DID NOT MENTION ANY NAMES NOR SAY HOW THE MAN SHOULD BE CHOSEN.

A DOZEN MIDDLE-OF-THE-ROAD COUNTRIES ARE WORKING ON A RESOLUTION THAT WOULD HAVE THE ASSEMBLY PICK SOMEBODY TO SUPERVISE THE U. N. SECRETARIAT AND INSURE IMPLEMENTATION OF U. N. RESOLUTIONS TILL THE COUNCIL CAN AGREE ON A PERMANENT SUCCESSOR TO HAMMARSKJOLD.

THE UNITED STATES HAS SOUGHT TO HAVE THE RESOLUTION MADE MORE SPECIFIC. U. S. SOURCES HAVE SAID ANY ONE OF THE THREE MOST PROMINENTLY MENTIONED POSSIBILITIES FOR THIS JOB WOULD BE ACCEPTABLE TO THE UNITED STATES. THE THREE ARE MONGI SLIM OF TUNISIA, ASSEMBLY PRESIDENT; FREDERICK H. BOLAND OF IRELAND, THE FORMER PRESIDENT, AND U THANT, BURMA'S U.N. AMBASSADOR.

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1961

A46UN

AMS BUDGET (550)

NIGHT LEAD KENNEDY-DISARMAMENT

BY WILLIAM N. OATIS

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 25 (AP)--THE UNITED STATES GAVE THE UNITED NATIONS A BROAD NEW DISARMAMENT PLAN TODAY WITH A BRAND NEW IDEA--THAT THE ATOMIC POWERS AGREE AT THE OUTSET NOT TO SHIFT CONTROL OF ANY ATOMIC WEAPONS TO ANY OTHER COUNTRIES.

PRESIDENT KENNEDY OUTLINED THE PLAN TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY IN A WIDE-RANGING 40-MINUTE SPEECH. THE U.S. DELEGATION HANDED THE DETAILS TO THE U.N. SECRETARIAT TO BE PASSED AROUND TO THE 99 COUNTRIES IN THE ASSEMBLY AND ON THE DISARMAMENT COMMISSION.

KENNEDY PROPOSED THAT DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATIONS, BROKEN OFF BY THE SOVIET UNION 15 MONTHS AGO, SHOULD "RESUME PROMPTLY, AND CONTINUE WITHOUT INTERRUPTION UNTIL AN ENTIRE PROGRAM FOR GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT HAS NOT ONLY BEEN AGREED UPON BUT ACTUALLY ACHIEVED." HE SUGGESTED THEY WORK ON THE NEW U.S. PLAN.

THE PRESIDENT SAID THE PLAN WOULD PROCEED GRADUALLY UNDER INTERNATIONAL INSPECTION "UNTIL IT HAS ABOLISHED ALL ARMIES AND ALL WEAPONS EXCEPT THOSE NEEDED FOR INTERNAL ORDER AND A NEW UNITED NATIONS PEACE FORCE." "AND," HE ADDED, "IT STARTS THAT PROCESS NOW, TODAY, EVEN AS THE TALKS BEGIN."

HE CHALLENGED THE SOVIET UNION "NOT TO AN ARMS RACE, BUT TO A PEACE RACE, TO ADVANCE WITH US STEP BY STEP" TO FULL DISARMAMENT. HE SAID THE NEW PROGRAM INCLUDED THESE PROPOSALS:

"FIRST, SIGNING THE TEST-BAN TREATY, BY ALL NATIONS. THIS CAN BE DONE NOW. TEST BAN NEGOTIATIONS NEED NOT AND SHOULD NOT AWAIT GENERAL DISARMAMENT TALKS.

"SECOND, STOPPING THE PRODUCTION OF FISSIONABLE MATERIALS FOR USE IN WEAPONS, AND PREVENTING THEIR TRANSFER TO ANY NATION NOW LACKING NUCLEAR WEAPONS.

"THIRD, PROHIBITING THE TRANSFER OF CONTROL OVER NUCLEAR WEAPONS TO STATES THAT DO NOT NOW OWN THEM.

"FOURTH, KEEPING NUCLEAR WEAPONS FROM SEEDING NEW BATTLEGROUNDS IN OUTER SPACE.

"FIFTH, GRADUALLY DESTROYING EXISTING NUCLEAR WEAPONS AND CONVERTING THEIR MATERIALS TO PEACEFUL USES; AND

"FINALLY, HALTING THE UNLIMITED TESTING AND PRODUCTION OF STRATEGIC NUCLEAR DELIVERY WEAPONS, AND GRADUALLY DESTROYING THEM AS WELL."

THESE POINTS WERE ELABORATED IN A 2,700-WORD "DECLARATION ON DISARMAMENT" CONTAINING A THREE-STAGE U.S. OUTLINE PROGRAM FOR "GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT IN A PEACEFUL WORLD"--THE BULK OF THE DOCUMENTATION SUBMITTED FOR U.N. DISTRIBUTION.

THE THIRD POINT HAD NEVER BEEN PROPOSED FORMALLY BEFORE. IT WOULD BAR THE UNITED STATES, THE SOVIET UNION, BRITAIN AND FRANCE FROM HANDLING CONTROL OVER ANY NUCLEAR WEAPONS TO COUNTRIES NOW WITHOUT THEM.

U.S. SOURCES SAID THAT WHEREAS THE UNITED STATES HAD PREVIOUSLY PUT FORWARD EACH STAGE OF ITS DISARMAMENT PROPOSALS AS A PACKAGE ON A BASIS OF TAKE-IT-ALL-OR-LEAVE-IT, THAT GOVERNMENT NOW WAS WILLING TO SINGLE OUT THE PART ABOUT NO NUCLEAR WEAPON TRANSFERS, OR ANY OTHER PART, AND SIGN A SEPARATE AGREEMENT ON THAT. ONE OF THEM SAID THE NEW DISARMAMENT PLAN WAS "ONE OF THE BOLDEST, ONE OF THE MOST FAR-REACHING, ONE OF THE MOST COMPREHENSIVE" EVER ADVANCED ANYWHERE.

THE LAST PREVIOUS U.S. DISARMAMENT SCHEME WAS PROPOSED JUNE 27, 1960, IN A 10-NATION EAST-WEST DISARMAMENT COMMITTEE NEGOTIATING IN GENEVA. THE FIVE COMMUNIST MEMBERS WALKED OUT WITHOUT WAITING TO HEAR IT, DISRUPTING THE NEGOTIATIONS.

THE NEW PLAN DROPPED TWO IDEAS IN THE 1960 PLAN--THAT OF PROGRESSIVELY REDUCING MILITARY BUDGETS AND THAT OF SETTING UP A ZONE OF AERIAL AND GROUND INSPECTION IN AN AREA INCLUDING THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION.

BUT IT HAD MUCH MORE TO SAY ABOUT CONTROL MACHINERY AND IT PLACED

NEW EMPHASIS ON BUILDING UP A U.N. PEACE FORCE AND STRENGTHENING THE U.N.'S AUTHORITY TO "ASSURE PEACE AND THE JUST SETTLEMENT OF DIFFERENCES IN A DISARMED WORLD."

THE CONTROL MACHINERY WOULD INCLUDE AN INTERNATIONAL DISARMAMENT ORGANIZATION UNDER AN ADMINISTRATOR DIRECTED BY A COMMISSION OF "ALL THE MAJOR POWERS" AND CERTAIN OTHER COUNTRIES, AND EXPERTS' COMMISSION TO STUDY METHODS OF NUCLEAR DISARMAMENT, CHEMICAL-BIOLOGICAL DISARMAMENT AND PROTECTION AGAINST ACCIDENTAL WAR.

BY 85-10, WITH 3 ABSTENTIONS, THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OVERRODE SOVIET OBJECTIONS AND DECIDED TO TAKE UP AS A SEPARATE ITEM THE U.S.-BRITISH PROPOSAL ON THE NEED FOR A TREATY TO END NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTING. THE SOVIET BLOC WANTED THE ISSUE MERGED IN THE ~~TOTAL~~ DISARMAMENT DEBATE.

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A35WX (470)

AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD KENNEDY REACTION

BY JAMES D. CAREY

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 25 (AP)-PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S ADDRESS BEFORE THE UNITED NATIONS WON OVERWHELMING BIPARTISAN PRAISE IN CONGRESS TODAY-- PARTICULARLY HIS NO-BACKDOWN STAND ON BERLIN AND HIS DISARMAMENT PLAN.

BUT THERE WERE NOTES OF CAUTION THAT THE FINAL DECISION ON EASING WORLD TENSIONS LIES WITH OTHER NATIONS, PARTICULARLY THE SOVIET UNION.

AND SENATE DEMOCRATIC LEADER MIKE MANSFIELD OF MONTANA BOTH APPLAUSED THE SPEECH AND PROPOSED EITHER MEXICAN PRESIDENT ALFONSO LOPEZ MATEOS OR INDIAN PRIME MINISTER NEHRU BE CONSIDERED FOR THE U. N. POST OF SECRETARY-GENERAL.

HE ACKNOWLEDGED HE DID NOT KNOW WHETHER EITHER WOULD BE WILLING TO ACCEPT BUT DOUBTED THE SOVIET UNION, NOW PUSHING HARD FOR ITS "TROIKA" SCHEME OF THREE SECRETARIES-GENERAL. WOULD FIGHT EITHER ONE.

THE SUGGESTION OF NEHRU FOR THE JOB BROUGHT PROMPT AND SHARP OPPOSITION FROM SEN. BARRY GOLDWATER, R-ARIZ.

"I CAN THINK OF NO ONE LESS SUITED TO WESTERN PURPOSE IN THE UNITED NATIONS UNLESS IT BE CHINA'S MAO TSE TUNG OR RUSSIA'S GROMYKO (FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO)," GOLDWATER SAID. "AT THE VERY BEST INDIA'S NEHRU IS A PROFESSIONAL NEUTRAL. AND IF THIS ADMINISTRATION HASN'T WISED UP TO THE PHONY STAND OF THE SO-CALLED NEUTRALS . . . I DOUBT IF THEY EVER WILL."

TO THIS MANSFIELD RETORDED LATER HE THOUGHT NEHRU IS BASICALLY FRIENDLY TO THE WEST BUT TORN "BY THE POSITION ON HIS FRONTIER OF A COUNTRY LIKE RED CHINA."

SEN. HUBERT HUMPHREY, D-MINN., ASSISTANT SENATE MAJORITY LEADER, SUPPORTED MANSFIELD, CALLING NEHRU "ONE OF THE TRULY GREAT FREE LEADERS OF THE WORLD" WHO IS "ABSOLUTELY CRUCIAL IN THE STRUGGLE FOR FREEDOM OF ASIA."

SEN. EVERETT M. DIRKSEN, R-ILL., SENATE MINORITY LEADER, CALLED KENNEDY'S PROPOSALS A "MAGNIFICENT HOPE" OF SETTLING WORLD PROBLEMS AND ADDED:

"I WAS GLAD TO NOTE THE FIRMNESS WITH WHICH HE DEALT WITH THE BERLIN SITUATION. I THINK HE DISPOSED OF THE TROIKA QUESTION WITH HIS OBSERVATION THAT THERE MAY BE THREE HORSES BUT ONLY ONE DRIVER."

BUT DIRKSEN NOTED THE WEST IS STILL CONFRONTED WITH THE REALITY OF THE STILL UNDISCLOSED RUSSIAN REACTION TO THE PROPOSALS. MANSFIELD HIT THE SAME THEME, EMPHASIZING "WHAT HAPPENS RESTS NOT WITH US BUT WITH THE REST OF THE COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD, ESPECIALLY THE SOVIET UNION."

"I AGREE WHOLEHEARTEDLY WITH WHAT THE PRESIDENT HAD TO SAY ON THE PRINCIPLE OF TROIKA," MANSFIELD STATED. HE PRAISED THE PRESIDENT'S PRESENTATION OF DANGERS IN LAOS, SOUTH VIET NAM AND OTHER TROUBLE SPOTS AS WELL AS AT BERLIN. HE EXPRESSED HOPE THE ADDRESS WOULD EASE WORLD TENSIONS.

SEN. HUBERT HUMPHREY, D-MINN., ASSISTANT SENATE MAJORITY LEADER, CALLED KENNEDY'S ADDRESS "THE MOST REMARKABLE AND MOVING MESSAGE OF ANY POLITICAL LEADER IN THE HISTORY OF OUR COUNTRY." HE SAID THE UNITED STATES IS PROPOSING "A COMPREHENSIVE PROGRAM FOR GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT WHICH... PROVIDES A WAY FOR BALANCED REDUCTION IN ALL KINDS OF ARMAMENTS BY ALL NATIONS" AND IS COMPLETELY FLEXIBLE.

SEN. HUGH SCOTT, R-PA., SAID KENNEDY HAD "CHALLENGED THE CONSCIENCE OF MANKIND," INCLUDING THE DICTATORS AND NEUTRALISTS. "THE U. N. CAN BE SAVED AS A USEFUL INSTRUMENT FOR PEACE IF THE LEADERS OF UNCERTAIN NATIONS WILL FACE THE ALTERNATIVES POSED BY THE PRESIDENT AND ACT WITH Maturity AND WISDOM," HE SAID.

REP. JOHN W. MCCORMACK, D-MASS., HOUSE MAJORITY LEADER, CALLED KENNEDY'S REMARKS STATESMANLIKE AND REALISTIC. BUT OF DISARMAMENT HE SAID, "THIS HAS GOT TO BE ACCOMPLISHED STEP BY STEP, LEVEL BY LEVEL . . . MR. KRUSHCHEV MUST REALIZE THE PEOPLE OF RUSSIA WANT TO EXIST LIKE EVERYONE ELSE."

"THE GREATEST SPEECH THAT HAS EVER BEEN MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS" WAS THE ESTIMATE OF SEN. A. S. MIKE MONROEY, D-OKLA. "THE PRESIDENT CLEARLY DEPICTED THE DETERMINATION OF THE UNITED STATES TO DEFEND AND PROTECT THE FREEDOM OF ALL PEOPLE."

SEN. JOHN SHERMAN COOPER, R-KY., SAID KENNEDY "EXPRESSED THE WILL AND CONVICTIONS OF THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES" AND A WILLINGNESS TO "NEGOTIATE IN TERMS OF MUTUAL RESPECT."

SEN. WAYNE MORSE, D-ORE., SAID KENNEDY HAD DELIVERED "A GREAT HISTORIC SPEECH." HE SAID HE HAD NEVER HAD SUCH COMPLETE CONFIDENCE IN THE LEADERSHIP OF HIS COUNTRY.

LATER SEN. HUMPHREY SAID HE HAD CABLED SOVIET PREMIER KRUSHCHEV URGING THAT KENNEDY'S SPEECH BE WIDELY DISSEMINATED TO THE RUSSIAN PEOPLE "THROUGH PRESS, TELEVISION, RADIO AND MOTION PICTURES." THE MESSAGE ADDED: "YOU WILL RECALL THAT YOUR APPEARANCE BEFORE THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY WAS GIVEN THE WIDEST POSSIBLE COVERAGE IN THE UNITED STATES AND ELSEWHERE. SUCH A GESTURE ON YOUR PART WILL DO MUCH TO PROMOTE THE CAUSE OF PEACE AND UNDERSTANDING."

GOLDWATER, IN OBJECTING TO NEHRU AS A POSSIBLE U. N. SECRETARY-GENERAL, CLAIMED THE INDIAN PRIME MINISTER "ALWAYS MANAGES TO SEE SOME GOOD IN ALL NEFAIRIOUS SOVIET MOVES." HE CALLED HIM A "WISHY-WASHY NEUTRAL" AND CHARGED HE WOULD INJURE THE CAUSE OF FREEDOM.

GOLDWATER ALSO DISCUSSED REPORTS FROM BERLIN THAT AMERICAN OFFICIALS HAD TOLD THE WEST GERMANS THAT EAST GERMANY WAS A FACT THAT HAD TO BE RECKONED WITH.

HE SUGGESTED THAT "U. S. OFFICIALS IN BERLIN WERE FLOATING A TRIAL BALLOON TO TEST THE REACTION OF WEST GERMANY ON THE POSSIBILITY OF CONCESSIONS."

THE ARIZONA SENATOR SAID IT WAS A "TECHNIQUE OF APPEASEMENT WHICH WE ARE HEARING TOO MUCH OF THESE DAYS. . . IT ALSO SMACKS OF THE ARGUMENTS WE HEAR ABOUT THE CASTRO REGIME BEING A DISAGREEABLE FACT OF LIFE WHICH WE WILL HAVE TO ACCEPT FOR FEAR OF LOSING FACE IN LATIN AMERICA AND AFRICA IF WE TAKE EFFECTIVE ACTION."

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A129

FIRST LEAD UNDATED KENNEDY FOREIGN REACTION A95 (330)  
10/1

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS  
PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S SPEECH TO THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY WAS HAILED IN BRITAIN TODAY (TUES) AS A BOLD AND STIRRING CHALLENGE TO THE SOVIET UNION TO JOIN IN MAKING THE WORLD A SAFER PLACE FOR ALL.

BOTH BRITAIN AND WEST GERMANY QUICKLY ENDORSED THE NEW U.S.

DISARMAMENT PLAN PRESENTED BY THE PRESIDENT.  
10/1

FROM THE BRITISH PRESS CAME A LOUD CHORUS OF APPLAUSE FOR KENNEDY AND TO SOME NEWSPAPERS HIS WORDS SEEMED ALREADY TO HAVE REMOVED SOME OF THE FEAR OF GLOBAL WAR.

MOSCOW RADIO AND THE OFFICIAL SOVIET NEWS AGENCY TASS REPORTED INITIALLY, AND WITHOUT COMMENT, ONLY THAT KENNEDY HAD ADDRESSED THE 99-NATION ASSEMBLY AND "DWELT ON THE ACTIVITY OF THE UNITED NATIONS, THE QUESTION OF DIARMAMENT, THE SO-CALLED BERLIN CRISIS AND THE QUESTION OF COLONIALISM."

IN HONG KONG THE OFFICIAL COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER TA KUNG PAO CALLED KENNEDY A HYPOCRITE AND SAID HIS SPEECH CONTAINED NOTHING BUT "EMPTY PROPAGANDA PHRASES."

THE PAPER ADDED, "KENNEDY SAYS HE WANTS DISARMAMENT AND A BAN ON NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS BUT IT IS HE WHO PREVENTED AN AGREEMENT ON BOTH. HE TALKS ABOUT PEACE BUT IT IS HE WHO PREPARES FOR WAR . . ."

IN LONDON THE DAILY MIRROR CALLED THE ADDRESS "THE CLEAREST AND MOST FORWARD LOOKING DECLARATION OF WESTERN POLICY SINCE THE COLD WAR BEGAN."

HEADLINES STREAMED ACROSS LONDON FRONT PAGES PROCLAIMED KENNEDY'S CHALLENGE TO THE RUSSIANS TO A "PEACE RACE" AND HIS CALL FOR AN END TO NUCLEAR TESTING AND A RESUMPTION OF DISARMAMENT TALKS.

"SIGNPOST TO PEACE" RAN THE LONDON DAILY MAIL BANNERLINE ACROSS SEVEN COLUMNS."

"KENNEDY'S BOLD PLAN FOR A SAFER WORLD"--SAID THE DAILY HERALD.

"JUST AT THE PRESENT TIME," SAID THE CONSERVATIVE MAIL, "THINGS SEEM

TO BE GETTING MORE HOPEFUL THAN MORE DESPERATE."

THE MAIL SAID KENNEDY'S REMARKS ON BERLIN "SEEM TO SHOW THAT THE SHIFT OF POLICY TOWARDS EAST GERMANY IS A REALITY."

IN ITS NEWS COLUMNS, THE MAIL SAID KENNEDY'S SPEECH INDICATED THE UNITED STATES IS READY FOR A COMPROMISE SETTLEMENT ON BERLIN.

THE LIBERAL GUARDIAN SAID:

"IF THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT HAS NOT SET ITS FACE AGAINST ANY DISARMAMENT TALKS AT ALL--AND IF ASSEMBLY OPINION COUNTS FOR ANYTHING--THEN MR. KENNEDY'S PROPOSALS OUGHT TO DO A GOOD DEAL TO SET TALKS GOING AGAIN."

A BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE STATEMENT IN LONDON SAID THE U.S. PLAN FOR GRADUAL AND INSPECTED STEPS TOWARD COMPLETE AND GENERAL DISARMAMENT HAD BRITAIN'S "FULL AND ENTHUSIASTIC SUPPORT."

IN BONN, A WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT STATEMENT SAID "THE PLAN REPRESENTS A REALISTIC AND PRACTICABLE BASIS FOR NEGOTIATIONS. THE GOVERNMENT OF WEST GERMANY, ALTHOUGH IT IS NOT A MEMBER OF THE UNITED NATIONS, STANDS READY TO USE ALL ITS POWERS TO SUPPORT THE AMERICAN PROPOSAL."

THE BRITISH AND WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENTS LIMITED THEIR IMMEDIATE OFFICIAL STATEMENTS TO DISARMAMENT.

BUT BRITISH OFFICIALS PRIVATELY HAILED KENNEDY'S SPEECH AS AN OUT-STANDING COMBINATION OF REALISM AND VISION, CONCILIATION AND FIRMNESS.

THE BRITISH ESPECIALLY WARMED TO KENNEDY'S STATEMENT THAT HE CONSIDERS A PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT TO THE BERLIN CRISIS IS POSSIBLE EVEN IF THE SOVIET UNION AND COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY SIGN A SEPARATE PEACE TREATY.

KENNEDY'S WORDS "WE SEEK NO PERFECT SOLUTION" ECHOED WHAT BRITISH OFFICIALS HAVE BEEN SAYING PRIVATELY FOR MONTHS.

THE BRITISH STAND FIRMLY BEHIND KENNEDY'S CALL FOR A SINGLE SECRETARY-GENERAL TO REPLACE DAG HAMMARSKJOLD. THEY ALSO OPPOSE THE SOVIET UNION'S SO-CALLED TROIKA PROPOSAL TO REPLACE THE SECRETARY-GENERAL WITH A THREE-MAN DIRECTORATE ON WHICH EACH WOULD HAVE VETO POWER.

THE LONDON TIMES SAID EDITORIALLY THE PRESIDENT'S SPEECH WAS PRIMARILY AIMED AT PRESERVING THE UNITED NATIONS "AS A BODY CAPABLE OF EFFECTIVE ACTION IN MAINTAINING THE PEACE AND PROTECTING YOUNG NATIONS."

THE INFLUENTIAL NEWSPAPER SAID KENNEDY "STILL FEELS THAT THE UNCOMMITTED NATIONS CAN PLAY A VITAL ROLE IN KEEPING THE PEACE...HE CLEARLY HOPED TO RALLY THE SMALLER NATIONS TO SUPPORT THE APPOINTMENT OF A NEW SECRETARY-GENERAL WHO COULD CARRY ON THE WORK OF MR. HAMMARSKJOLD IN THE SAME SPIRIT. THE ARGUMENT HE PUT BEFORE THEM WAS CLEAR: THE MACHINERY OF WAR CAN BE DISMANTLED ONLY IF IT IS REPLACED BY EFFECTIVE MACHINERY FOR KEEPING THE PEACE."

THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT STATEMENT SAID IT HOPED THE UNITED NATIONS WILL APPROVE THE DISARMAMENT PLAN AND THAT NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN THE GREAT POWERS WILL BEGIN WITH IT AS A BASIS.

"THE GOVERNMENT ADDS IN THIS CONNECTION A REMINDER THAT IT STANDS READY AS ALWAYS TO ENTER INTO ANY AGREEMENT ON CONTROLLED DISARMAMENT THAT THE BIG POWERS ARRIVE AT," THE STATEMENT SAID.

THE TERSE BRITISH STATEMENT ADDED: "THE U.S. GOVERNMENT FULLY INFORMED AND CONSULTED THEIR ALLIES DURING ALL THE STAGES OF THE PREPARATION OF THE DISARMAMENT PROPOSALS."

IN WEST GERMANY, NEWSPAPER HEADLINES NATURALLY EMPHASIZED THE BERLIN ASPECTS OF THE PRESIDENT'S SPEECH. THE INDEPENDENT FRANKFURTER NEUE PRESSE BANNED "KENNEDY: NO RIGID FORMULA FOR BERLIN SOLUTION."

THE INDEPENDENT FRANKFURTER RUNDSCHAU DECLARED "KENNEDY STRESSES CONFIDENCE IN BERLIN SETTLEMENT." AND THE CONSERVATIVE FRANKFURTER

30.24- 1771

ALGEMEINE HAD "KENNEDY HOPES FOR PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT OF BERLIN CONFLICT."

LONDON'S TWO EVENING NEWSPAPERS ALSO CONCENTRATED ON BERLIN. "A TRUCE TO TERROR--KENNEDY'S CALL," HEADLINED THE EVENING STANDARD. THE EVENING NEWS BANNED: "KENNEDY CALLS FOR TRUCE TO TERROR."

IN CANADA, LESTER PEARSON, NOBEL PEACE PRIZE WINNER AND FORMER PRESIDENT OF THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY, SAID KENNEDY HAD "PUT IT RIGHT UP" TO RUSSIA WITH A DETAILED, WELL-BALANCED SCHEDULE FOR DISARMAMENT.

HE SAID KENNEDY HAD DEALT EFFECTIVELY WITH THE RUSSIAN TROIKA PROPOSAL AND MOVED CLOSER TO WHAT HE CALLED THE NECESSITY OF AN INTERNATIONAL POLICE FORCE.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN RADIO GAVE KENNEDY'S SPEECH TOP PLAY. AS819PED

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AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD KENNEDY-REACTION (400)

BY MILTON BESSER

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 25 (AP)--PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S SPEECH TO THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY TODAY WON OVERWHELMING APPROVAL FROM A GREAT MAJORITY OF DELEGATES. BUT THE SOVIET UNION AND ITS COMMUNIST BLOC SUPPORTERS REFUSED TO SAY A GOOD WORD FOR IT.

THE U.S. PRESIDENT WAS APPLAUDED SIX TIMES DURING THE 38-MINUTE SPEECH AND OBSERVERS AGREED THAT HE WOULD HAVE RECEIVED MORE IF HIS TIMING HAD BEEN BETTER.

WESTERN REACTION WAS THE MOST ENTHUSIASTIC, BUT PRAISE CAME FROM LEADERS OF THE SO-CALLED NON-ALIGNED NATIONS AS WELL.

ANDREI GROMYKO, THE SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER, SAID HE WANTED TO STUDY THE SPEECH. HE IS EXPECTED TO GIVE HIS REACTION WHEN HE ADDRESSES THE 99-NATION ASSEMBLY TOMORROW AFTERNOON.

MOST ALL OTHER COMMUNIST BLOC DELEGATES TOOK THEIR CUE FROM GROMYKO AND REMAINED SILENT. EDUARD MEZINCESCU, DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER FROM ROMANIA, SAID THAT KENNEDY'S NEW DISARMAMENT PROGRAM IS "A GOOD ONE FOR DIFFERING." HE DID NOT ELABORATE.

SIR PATRICK DEAN, BRITAIN'S PERMANENT U.N. REPRESENTATIVE, SAID THE SPEECH WAS VERY GOOD. FRENCH AMBASSADOR ARMAND BERARD DECLARED: "IT WAS AN IMPORTANT, IMPRESSIVE SPEECH. I APPRECIATE IT VERY MUCH."

IRISH AMBASSADOR FREDERICK H. BOLAND, PRESIDENT OF THE LAST GENERAL ASSEMBLY: "IT WAS A FINE SPEECH, FORCEFUL IN THE RIGHT PLACES AND NOT PROVOCATIVE IN ANY MANNER."

THE IRISH LEADER EXPRESSED HOPE THAT KENNEDY'S PLEA FOR A STRONG U.N. EXECUTIVE CENTERED IN ONE MAN WOULD SPUR PROGRESS TOWARD A REPLACEMENT FOR DAG HAMMARSKJOLD.

JAJA WACHUKU, FOREIGN MINISTER OF NIGERIA AND ONE OF THE LEADERS IN THE NEWLY INDEPENDENT AFRICAN NATIONS, CALLED IT A "GOOD, REALISTIC SPEECH FILLED WITH PRACTICAL SUGGESTIONS."

AMBASSADOR C.S. PATA, INDIA'S PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE, SAID: "A VERY FINE SPEECH."

SELIM SORPER, THE TURKISH AMBASSADOR, SAID KENNEDY GAVE THE ASSEMBLY A SHOT OF ENCOURAGEMENT. IT STRUCK ME AS A SPEECH OF A MAN WHO BELIEVES IN HIS NATION, WHO BELIEVES IN HUMANITY AND WHO BELIEVES IN HIMSELF. I WAS TREMENDOUSLY IMPRESSED BY IT."

SHEN CHANG-HUAN, NATIONALIST CHINA'S FOREIGN MINISTER, SAID KENNEDY MADE A "GREAT EFFORT TO MAINTAIN THE UNITED NATIONS AND A FINE PLEA FOR INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION TO KEEP THE PEACE."

AMBASSADOR ZENON ROSSIDES OF CYPRUS, ONE OF THOSE AT THE RECENT BELGRADE CONFERENCE OF NONALIGNED COUNTRIES, SAID KENNEDY MADE "A DYNAMIC SPEECH, AT THE SAME TIME CONCILIATORY AND FIRM." HE CALLED IT "A BID FOR WORLD MORAL LEADERSHIP."

HE APPROVED KENNEDY'S SUPPORT FOR A STRONGER UNITED NATIONS AND SAID NONALIGNED COUNTRIES WERE THE MAIN SUPPORT FOR THIS IDEA BECAUSE THE UNITED NATIONS WAS THE ONLY GUARANTEE OF THE SECURITY OF SMALL STATES.

MINISTER OF STATE AHMAD SHUKAIRY OF SAUDI ARABIA, ANOTHER OF THE BELGRADE CONFERENCE, TOOK A WAIT-AND-SEE LINE. HE TOLD A REPORTER: "AS A SPEECH, THE STATEMENT OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY IS A MASTERPIECE. IT RESTS WITH THE UNITED STATES DELEGATION IN THE UNITED NATIONS FOR THE COMING THREE MONTHS TO MAKE PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S SPEECH COME TRUE, PARTICULARLY ON MATTERS REFERRING TO COLONIALISM AND THE FREEDOM OF ALL PEOPLES." . . .

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TELEGRAPH EDITORS

THE FOLLOWING WRAPS UP DOMESTIC, U.N. AND COMMUNIST REACTION TO THE PRESIDENT'S SPEECH. IT MAY BE INCORPORATED IN THE UNDATED FOREIGN REACTION (A95) AS DESIRED.

--DASH--

UNDATED KENNEDY REACTION (440)  
BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S UNITED NATIONS SPEECH YESTERDAY (MONDAY) DREW OVERWHELMING APPROVAL FROM WESTERN DIPLOMATS IN THE UNITED STATES, BUT THE COMMUNIST BLOC IN THE UNITED NATIONS WITHHELD ANY DETAILED COMMENT.

"SOME ASPECTS DO NOT MEET OUR OBJECTIONS REGARDING THE POSSIBILITY OF NEGOTIATIONS ON GERMANY," SAID SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO IN A TALK WITH NEWSMEN. WHEN THEY WANTED TO KNOW IF HE SAW SIGNS OF HOPE IN THE PRESIDENT'S WORDS, GROMYKO REPLIED:

"I WOULD NOT GO SO FAR. I WANT TO STUDY IT MORE THOROUGHLY."

GROMYKO IS EXPECTED TO GIVE HIS REACTION MORE FULLY WHEN HE ADDRESSES THE 99-NATION UN GENERAL ASSEMBLY TODAY (TUESDAY). MEANWHILE, HE CONTINUED TO CALL FOR A JOINT PEACE TREATY WITH EAST GERMANY AND DECLARED:

"IF THERE IS NO AGREEMENT, WE ARE GOING TO SIGN A PEACE TREATY. IF WE SIGN A UNILATERAL AGREEMENT, THEN THE WESTERN POWERS WILL HAVE TO DEAL WITH THE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC DIRECTLY."

EDUARD MEZINCESCU, DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER FROM ROMANIA, SAID WITHOUT ELABORATION OF KENNEDY'S NEW DISARMAMENT PROGRAM THAT IT IS "A GOOD ONE FOR DIFFERING."

THE PRESIDENT WAS APPLAUDED SIX TIMES DURING HIS SPEECH. LATER, IT ELICITED THESE COMMENTS FROM U.N. LISTENERS:

FRENCH AMBASSADOR ARMAND BERARD--"IT WAS AN IMPORTANT, IMPRESSIVE SPEECH. I APPRECIATE IT VERY MUCH."

IRISH AMBASSADOR FREDERICK H. BOLAND--"IT WAS A FINE SPEECH, FORCEFUL IN THE RIGHT PLACES AND NOT PROVOCATIVE IN ANY MANNER."

JAJA WACHUKU, FOREIGN MINISTER OF NIGERIA AND A LEADER OF THE NEWLY INDEPENDENT AFRICAN NATIONS--"A GOOD, REALISTIC SPEECH FILLED WITH PRACTICAL SUGGESTIONS."

AMBASSADOR C. S. FHA OF INDIA--"A VERY FINE SPEECH."

TURKISH AMBASSADOR SELIM SARPER--"A SHOT OF ENCOURAGEMENT. IT STRUCK ME AS A SPEECH OF A MAN WHO BELIEVES IN HIS NATION, WHO BELIEVES IN HUMANITY AND WHO BELIEVES IN HIMSELF."

AT GETTYSBURG, PA., FORMER PRESIDENT DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER AND THREE TOP REPUBLICAN LEADERS INTERRUPTED A POLITICAL POWOW TO HEAR THE SPEECH. AFTERWARDS, EISENHOWER SAID:

"WE FOUND HE WAS SUMMING UP AND EXPRESSING VERYeloquently THE ASPIRATIONS OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE FOR THE LAST FEW YEARS."

KENNEDY DREW BIPARTISAN PRAISE FROM CONGRESSMEN IN WASHINGTON. AMONG THOSE COMMENTING:

SENATE MINORITY LEADER EVERETT M. DIRKSEN, R.-ILL.--"I WAS GLAD TO NOTE THE FIRMNESS WITH WHICH HE DEALT WITH THE BERLIN SITUATION."

SENATE DEMOCRATIC LEADER MIKE MANSFIELD OF MONTANA--"I AGREE WHOLE-HEARTEDLY WITH WHAT THE PRESIDENT HAD TO SAY ON THE PRINCIPLE OF TROIKA" (THE RUSSIAN CALL FOR A THREE-MAN U.N. DIRECTORATE).

SEN. HUBERT HUMPHREY, D-MINN.--"THE MOST REMARKABLE AND MOVING MESSAGE OF ANY POLITICAL LEADER IN THE HISTORY OF OUR COUNTRY."

SEN. HUGH SCOTT, R-PA.--"CHALLENGED THE CONSCIENCE OF MANKIND."

SEN. A. S. MIKE MONROE, D-OKLA.--"THE GREATEST SPEECH THAT HAS EVER BEEN MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS."

SEN. JOHN SHERMAN COOPER, R-KY.--"EXPRESSED THE WILL AND CONVICTIONS OF THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES."

SEN. WAYNE MORSE, D-ORE.--"A GREAT, HISTORIC SPEECH."

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AM BUDGET (650)

KENNEDY INTERPRETIVE

BY WILLIAM L. RYAN

ASSOCIATED PRESS NEWS ANALYST

UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., SEPT. 25 (AP)--PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S SPEECH TO THE U. N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY TODAY HAD THE RING OF CHALLENGE. BUT THERE WERE OVERTONES SUGGESTING THAT THE WAY NOW IS OPEN TO EASE THE PERILOUS CRISIS OVER DIVIDED BERLIN.

THAT QUARREL IS THE CENTRAL, IMMEDIATE CRISIS FACING THE WORLD TODAY UNLESS THERE IS SOME APPROACH TOWARD SOLUTION, HOWEVER TEMPORARY, THERE WOULD SEEM TO BE LITTLE USE IN APPROACHING THE OTHER OUTSTANDING ISSUES.

THE PRESIDENT SEEMED TO BE INDICATING A WILLINGNESS TO ACCEPT CERTAIN GEOGRAPHICAL FACTS OF LIFE DEVELOPING OUT OF THE COLD WAR, IN EXCHANGE FOR SOVIET RECOGNITION THAT THE ALLIES CANNOT AND WILL NOT DESERT FREE WEST BERLIN.

THIS REASONING FITS IN WITH WHAT THE BRITISH CALL "AN INTENTIONAL INDISCRETION" LATE LAST WEEK. ATTRIBUTED TO PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE, GEN. LUCIUS D. CLAY, WAS THE IDEA OF TWO EXISTING GERMAN STATES.

PRESIDENT KENNEDY SAID THE UNITED STATES HAS NO RIGID FORMULA, SEEKS NO PERFECT SOLUTION, AND RECOGNIZES THAT TROOPS AND TANKS CAN FOR A TIME KEEP A NATION DIVIDED, "HOWEVER UNWISE THAT POLICY MAY BE."

"BUT," HE ADDED, "WE BELIEVE A PEACEFUL AGREEMENT IS POSSIBLE WHICH PROTECTS THE FREEDOM OF WEST BERLIN AND ALLIED PRESENCE AND ACCESS, WHILE RECOGNIZING THE HISTORIC AND LEGITIMATE INTERESTS OF OTHERS IN ASSURING EUROPEAN SECURITY."

THERE MIGHT BE SOME INTENTIONAL AMBIGUITY IN THAT SENTENCE. THERE IS A HINT IN IT THAT THE UNITED STATES MIGHT BE WILLING TO TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION SOVIET ANXIETY ABOUT ITS OWN SECURITY WITH REGARD TO PRESENT BOUNDARIES SUCH AS THE BOUNDARY BETWEEN EAST AND WEST GERMANY AND THE ODER-NEISSE LINE BETWEEN COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY AND COMMUNIST POLAND.

THE WEST GERMANS, PUBLICLY AT LEAST, REJECT EITHER OF THESE BOUNDARIES AS IMMUTABLE. BUT THEY ARE FACTS OF LIFE IN TODAY'S WORLD, DIVIDED AS IT IS INTO TWO BLOCS, EACH HEADED BY A GREAT NUCLEAR POWER.

THE PRESIDENT CHALLENGED THE SOVIET UNION ON THE ISSUE OF DISARMAMENT: TO AVOID MERE SLOGANS AND GET DOWN TO REALISTIC TALK. HE CHALLENGED THE SOVIET TROIKA PLAN OF THREE VETO-WIELDING MEMBERS OF A SECRETARIAT, HOLDING THAT WOULD REDUCE THE U.N. TO PARALYSIS AND CONFUSION. HE CHALLENGED THE RUSSIANS TO A "PEACE RACE" INSTEAD OF AN ARMS RACE. HE CHALLENGED THEM ON THE ISSUE OF SELF-DETERMINATION OF PEOPLES, REMINDING THE WORLD THAT SELF-DETERMINATION HAS YET TO REACH THE COMMUNIST EMPIRE.

80.24-1773

IN ALL THIS THE PRESIDENT PICTURED THE UNITED STATES AS ABIDING STRONGLY BY ITS CONVICTIONS IN MAJOR COLD WAR ISSUES. PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV PROPOSES THAT PEACE TREATIES BE SIGNED WITH THE TWO GERMANIES BY ALL NATIONS WHICH FOUGHT NAZISM, THUS ELIMINATING WHAT HE CALLS THE REMNANTS OF WORLD WAR II. THAT ALSO, HOWEVER, WOULD RECOGNIZE THE PERMANENT DIVISION OF GERMANY AND PLACE KHRUSHCHEV IN A POSITION TO GIVE COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY FULL CONTROL OVER ALL BERLIN.

PRESIDENT KENNEDY RECOGNIZED THAT THE RUSSIANS COULD, IF THEY CHOSE, SIGN A TREATY WITH EAST GERMANY, BUT ADDED THAT THE WEST WAS NOT CONCERNED WITH A PAPER ARRANGEMENT BETWEEN MOSCOW AND A PUPPET REGIME. IN EFFECT, HE WAS SAYING THE WEST COULD IGNORE SUCH A TREATY.

HE THEN CALLED THE BERLIN SITUATION AS "UNNECESSARY" CRISIS. THE RUSSIANS CAN LIFT THE TENSION IN BERLIN AT ANY MOMENT THEY CHOSE TO DO SO. THE PRESIDENT AND HIS ADVISERS MAY WELL FEEL THE MOMENT IS JUST ABOUT AT HAND.

SO FAR AS KHRUSHCHEV IS CONCERNED, THE BERLIN CRISIS ALREADY HAS SERVED ITS PURPOSE. IT HAS PROVIDED WHAT APPARENTLY WAS A NECESSARY BACKDROP TO THE 22ND SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY CONGRESS OPENING IN MOSCOW OCT. 17.

THE CONGRESS IS SUPPOSED TO LAUNCH A 20-YEAR ECONOMIC PROGRAM TO MAKE THE U.S.S.R. THE MOST POWERFUL ECONOMIC FORCE IN THE WORLD. THIS WILL REQUIRE DEFERMENT OF SOME PROMISES OF ABUNDANCE FOR THE SOVIET PUBLIC, AND THE BERLIN CRISIS PROVIDED THE SPECTER OF THE ENEMY AT THE GATES INTENT UPON PREVENTING REALIZATION OF A SOVIET DREAM.

BUT KHRUSHCHEV CAN HARDLY LAUNCH SUCH A PROGRAM UNDER THE IMMEDIATE THREAT OF WORLD WAR. THE NEED FOR THE BERLIN SCARE NOW SEEMS NEAR ITS END.

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1961  
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AMS BUDGET (500)  
KENNEDY-DESCRIPTIVE  
BY SAUL PETT

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 25 (AP)-IT WAS A GRIM AND DELIBERATE PRESIDENT KENNEDY WHO MADE HIS FIRST APPEARANCE TODAY BEFORE THE JURY OF THE UNITED NATIONS.

SLOWLY, SOLEMNLY, CAREFULLY, HE CLOSED WITH THE GRISLY WARNING: "TOGETHER WE SHALL SAVE OUR PLANET--OR TOGETHER WE SHALL PERISH IN ITS FLAMES."

DID HE MAKE AN IMPRESSION? DID HE CHANGE ANY MINDS? DID HE BUDGE THE UNBUDGEABLE OR TILT THE WAVERING? IT WAS IMPOSSIBLE TO TELL FROM THE OVERT REACTION OF HIS AUDIENCE IN THE GREAT BLUE AND GOLD HALL OF THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

THE PRESIDENT WAS INTERRUPTED SIX TIMES BY APPLAUSE. IT SEEMED TO FOLLOW INTERNATIONAL PARTY LINES. IT WAS STRONGEST AMONG THE DELEGATES OF WESTERN EUROPE AND LATIN AMERICA, CUBA EXCEPTED. IT WAS WEAKER AMONG THE NON-ALIGNED NATIONS OF AFRICA AND ASIA. IT WAS NON-EXISTENT IN THE SOLID SOVIET BLOC.

THE RUSSIANS MANAGED TO CLAP BUT ONCE. THAT WAS WHEN THEY ROSE WITH THE OTHER DELEGATES FOR THE TRADITIONAL POLITE WAVE OF APPLAUSE AS THE SLIM, YOUNG PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES STRODE ACROSS THE GREEN-CARPETED PODIUM TO LAY HIS CASE BEFORE THE WORLD.

BEYOND THAT, NOTHING FROM THE MEN OF THE KREMLIN.

SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO WORE WHAT APPEARED TO BE A CHARACTERISTIC EXPRESSION OF QUIET PAIN, LIKE A MAN FEELING THE BEGINNINGS OF AN ULCER. HE SELDOM LOOKED AT JOHN KENNEDY, PREFERING TO GAZE, INSTEAD, AT THE HIGH CEILING, THE FLOOR OR GREEN MARBLE PLATFORM BEHIND THE SPEAKER, WHERE THE UN'S PRESIDING OFFICERS NOW SIT AND DAG HAMMARSKJOLD NO LONGER SITS.

ONLY ONCE DID GROMYKO CHANGE EXPRESSION AND APPEAR TO RESPOND TO THE SPEAKER. THAT WAS WHEN PRESIDENT KENNEDY, DISCUSSING WESTERN RIGHTS IN BERLIN, QUOTED A RUSSIAN WRITER. SAID THE PRESIDENT:

"ONE RECALLS THE ORDER OF THE CZAR IN PUSHKIN'S BORIS GUDUNOV: 'TAKE STEPS AT THIS VERY HOUR THAT OUR FRONTIERS BE FENCED BY BARRIERS...THAT NOT A SINGLE SOUL PASS O'ER THE BORDER, THAT NOT A HARE BE ABLE TO RUN OR A CROW FLY.'"

THAT BROUGHT A GRIN FROM GROMYKO AND AN AMUSED CONVERSATION WITH HIS GRAY-HAIRED DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER VALERIAN ZORIN, WHO OTHERWISE SPENT HIS TIME TAKING NOTES. NOTE-TAKING ALSO SEEMED TO PREOCCUPY THE INTENSE LITTLE FOREIGN MINISTER OF CUBA, RAUL ROA.

THE MOST NOTICEABLE GESTURE IN THE RUSSIAN BLOC CAME FROM K.V. KISELEV, FOREIGN MINISTER OF WHITE RUSSIA, WHO FOUND ONE PORTION OF THE SPEECH A CONVENIENT TIME TO RUN A COMB THROUGH HIS THICK WHITE HAIR.

U.S. AMBASSADOR ADLAI STEVENSON FOLLOWED THE SPEECH INTENTLY, HIS EYES STEADILY ON THE MAN WHO SUCCEEDED WHERE HE HAD TWICE FAILED. U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK GENERALLY KEPT HIS GAZE GLUED TO THE TEXT AS THE PRESIDENT SPOKE.

V.K. KRISHA MENON, A CHARACTERISTIC GLOWER ON HIS DARK FACE, KEPT HIS CHIN IN HIS HAND AND HIS INTENSE EYES ON THE SPEAKER, LIKE A MAN WAITING FOR THE FIRST GLIMPSE OF INSINCERITY.

DEMURE AND ATTRACTIVE AS ALWAYS, MRS. JACQUELINE KENNEDY SAT WITH GLOVED HANDS FOLDED PLACIDLY ACROSS HER LAP IN A VIP SECTION TO ONE SIDE OF THE DELEGATES.

THROUGHOUT THE SPEECH, THE PRESIDENT SLOWED HIS NORMALLY RAPID PACE AND KEPT TO A MINIMUM HIS FAVORITE GESTURE-A PUMPING OF HIS RIGHT HAND. HE WAS ESPECIALLY DELIBERATE WHEN HE CHALLENGED RUSSIA "NOT TO AN ARMS RACE, BUT TO A PEACE RACE."

FORTY SECONDS OF STANDING APPLAUSE FOLLOWED THE CLOSE OF THE PRESIDENT'S SPEECH. THE RUSSIANS JUST STOOD. THE PRESIDENT WALKED OUT. THE DELEGATES SAT DOWN AND RELAXED IN INFORMAL CONVERSATION. SOME WERE SMILING. WERE ANY MINDS CHANGED?

RA255PED

1961  
A57WX

ADVANCE FOR USE AT 5:30 P.M., EST, TODAY  
(400) JOHNSON-GOVERNORS

(ADVANCE) NASHVILLE, TENN., SEPT. 25 (AP)-VICE PRESIDENT LYNDON B. JOHNSON SAID TONIGHT SOVIET LEADERS WILL "BLUNDER INTO AN IRREPARABLE CATASTROPHE" IF THEY MISJUDGE THE UNITED STATES' WILLINGNESS TO DEFEND BERLIN.

JOHNSON SAID IN A SPEECH ~~PREPARED~~ FOR THE ANNUAL SOUTHERN GOVERNORS CONFERENCE "WE ARE NOT PAYING ANY BLACKMAIL...WE ARE NOT DESERTING OUR OBLIGATIONS TO WEST BERLIN..."

THE VICE PRESIDENT PRAISED PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S SPEECH EARLIER IN THE DAY BEFORE THE UNITED NATIONS IN WHICH KENNEDY TOLD THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY THE UNITED STATES HAS BOTH THE WILL AND THE WEAPONS TO RESIST COMMUNIST AGGRESSION.

JOHNSON SAID HE HOPES THE RUSSIANS MAKE NO MISTAKE ABOUT THIS POINT. "WE CHALLENGE NO ONE," HE SAID, "BUT WE NEVER SURRENDER UNDER THREATS. THE PATH OF REASON, OF DIPLOMACY, OF NEGOTIATION, OF HONORABLE SETTLEMENT IS OPEN. WE WANT TO TAKE IT.

"WE SEEK PEACE BUT WE SHUN APPEASEMENT BECAUSE WE KNOW IT IS SURRENDER ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN AND THE SIGNAL FOR ULTIMATE WAR. OUR POWER IS A PLEDGE OF PEACE, NOT AN INCITEMENT TO CONFLICT."

JOHNSON SAID THE SOVIET UNION IS TRYING TO DESTROY THE WORK OF THE LATE DAG HAMMARSKJOLD BECAUSE THE U. N. SECRETARY-GENERAL MADE IT POSSIBLE "FOR THE UNITED NATIONS TO TAKE EXECUTIVE ACTION TO DEFEND WORLD PEACE."

"THIS CERTAINLY IS A NEW REALITY IN WORLD AFFAIRS. IT IS A DEVELOP-

MENT WHICH MAY YET SHAPE THE FUTURE AND DEFEAT THE AMBITIONS OF DICTATORS," THE VICE PRESIDENT SAID.

"TODAY THE UNITED NATIONS CAN PLACE TROOPS IN THE FIELD, UNDER ITS OWN AUTHORITY, EVEN WHEN ALL THE COMMUNIST-LED NATIONS ARE OPPOSED TO SUCH AN ACTION. A NEW PRINCIPLE HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED AND HAS BEEN PUT TO WORK IN THE GAZA STRIP IN THE MIDDLE EAST AND IN THE CONFUSED ANXIETIES OF THE CONGO."

"NO ONE PRETENDS THAT THIS NEW EXPERIMENT IN COLLECTIVE ACTION HAS BEEN CONDUCTED WITHOUT MISTAKES AND WITHOUT FRICTION. BUT A BRAVE BEGINNING HAS BEEN MADE, AND ON THE SUCCESS WHICH HAS ALREADY BEEN ACHIEVED IT WILL BE POSSIBLE FOR THE UNITED NATIONS TO BUILD STRONGER SECURITIES FOR PEACE."

JOHNSON CALLED FOR SELECTION OF AN INTERIM SECRETARY-GENERAL.

JOHNSON PREDICTED THAT U. N. DEBATE WILL SHOW THAT RED CHINA "IS UNWORTHY OF MEMBERSHIP IN THE UNITED NATIONS BECAUSE IT FAILS TO MEET THE PEACE-LOVING STANDARDS ESTABLISHED IN THE CHARTER."

"OUR ALLIANCE WITH NATIONALIST CHINA IS FIRM, IS CONSTANT, AND IS A COMMITMENT THAT WE INTEND FULLY TO HONOR," HE SAID. "WE HAVE NO INTENTION OF HANDING OVER THE PEOPLE ON FORMOSA TO THE PEKING GOVERNMENT, NOR WILL WE WEAKEN OUR COMMITMENT TO DEFEND FORMOSA AS PART OF OUR MUTUAL SECURITY SYSTEM IN THE PACIFIC."

EG542PED

A113

WITH KENNEDY (180)  
BY WILLIAM N. OATIS

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 25 (AP)-THE PRESIDENT OF THE U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL WAS REPORTED TO HAVE TOLD THE ASIAN-AFRICAN GROUP TODAY THAT BECAUSE OF "THE ENTRENCHED POSITIONS," PROSPECTS ARE DIM FOR BIG FIVE AGREEMENT ON A TEMPORARY REPLACEMENT FOR THE LATE SECRETARY-GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD.

AMBASSADOR NATHAN BARNES OF LIBERIA, HEAD OF THE COUNCIL THIS MONTH, ADDRESSED THE 46-NATION GROUP IN THE COURSE OF A PRIVATE MEETING ON HOW TO FILL THE GAP LEFT BY HAMMARSKJOLD'S DEATH.

DIPLOMATS ATTENDING SAID BARNES TOLD THE GROUP THAT OF THE FIVE PERMANENT MEMBERS OF THE 11-NATION SECURITY COUNCIL, BRITAIN, NATIONALIST CHINA, FRANCE AND THE UNITED STATES, WANTED ONE MAN TO TAKE OVER. BUT THE SOVIET UNION WANTED THREE.

BARNES, THEY SAID, REPORTED THAT HE HAD TRIED OVER THE WEEKEND TO GET THE FIVE INTO CONFERENCE ON THE PROBLEM BUT HAD NOT SUCCEEDED FOR TWO REASONS:

1. SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER VALERIAN A. ZORIN INSISTED THAT NATIONALIST CHINA BE BARRED FROM THE CONFERENCE--AND THE OTHERS INSISTED THAT IT BE ALLOWED TO ATTEND.

2. THE OTHERS WANTED TO WAIT AND SEE WHETHER SOME MIDDLE-OF-THE-ROAD COUNTRIES COULD GET THE ASSEMBLY TO APPOINT ONE MAN TO SUPERVISE THE U.N. SECRETARIAT AND TO INSURE IMPLEMENTATION OF U.N. RESOLUTIONS PENDING A PERMANENT APPOINTMENT.

IRELAND AND NORWAY HAVE DRAWN UP A TENTATIVE RESOLUTION FOR THIS PURPOSE AND A DOZEN OR SO MIDDLE-OF-THE-ROAD COUNTRIES HAVE BEEN ROUNDING UP SUPPORT FOR IT. BARNES WAS QUOTED AS SAYING THEIR CONSULTATIONS HAD SHOWN A CONSENSUS FOR SELECTING ONE MAN.

MENTIONED MOST FREQUENTLY AS A TEMPORARY REPLACEMENT ARE TUNISIA'S MONGI SLIM, ASSEMBLY PRESIDENT; FREDERICK H. BOLAND OF IRELAND, FORMER ASSEMBLY PRESIDENT, AND BURMA'S U.N. AMBASSADOR U THANT.

BOLAND ALREADY HAS DECLARED HIMSELF OUT OF THE RUNNING AND U THANT IS REPORTED AWAITING INSTRUCTIONS FROM HIS GOVERNMENT ON WHAT TO DO.

INFORMANTS SAID SLIM PROBABLY WOULD TAKE THE JOB PROVIDED AN OVERWHELMING MAJORITY OF DELEGATIONS VOTED FOR HIM. THE INFORMANTS SAID HE PROBABLY WOULD RESIGN THE PRESIDENCY FOR THE POST.

TA1125PED

A78

WITH KENNEDY (220)

NEW YORK, SEPT. 25 (AP)-PRESIDENT KENNEDY DUG BACK INTO RUSSIAN HISTORY TODAY IN CRITICISING COMMUNIST ACTION IN BERLIN.

REFERRING TO THE SEALING OF THE BORDER BETWEEN EAST AND WEST BERLIN BY THE REDS, THE PRESIDENT SAID IN HIS UNITED NATIONS ADDRESS:

"PEACEFUL CIRCULATION HAS BEEN INTERRUPTED BY BARBED WIRE AND CONCRETE BLOCKS."

"ONE RECALLS THE ORDER OF THE CZAR IN PUSHKIN'S BORIS GODUNOV: 'TAKE STEPS AT THIS VERY HOUR THAT OUR FRONTIERS BE FENCED BY BARRIERS... THAT NOT A SINGLE SOUL PASS O'ER THE BORDER, THAT NOT A HARE BE ABLE TO RUN OR A CROW FLY'."

ALEXANDER PUSHKIN WAS A NOTED POET AND PROSE WRITER WHO WROTE THE PLAY "BORIS GODUNOV." IT WAS BASED ON THE LIFE OF A RUSSIAN CZAR BY THAT NAME IN THE LATE 1500'S AND EARLY 1600'S.

ALTHOUGH ACCOUNTS OF RUSSIAN HISTORY OF THE PERIOD VARY, THE STORY WAS ROUGHLY THIS:

WHEN IVAN THE TERRIBLE, CZAR OF RUSSIA, DIED IN 1585, HIS SON, FEDOR, ASCENDED TO THE THRONE. ANOTHER SON, DMITRI, REPORTEDLY DIED LATER. IT WAS ANNOUNCED THAT HE DIED OF AN EPILECTIC FIT, BUT THE RUMOR WAS THAT HE WAS MURDERED.

ON FEDOR'S DEATH IN 1598, BORIS GODUNOV, HIS BROTHER-IN-LAW, WAS PROCLAIMED CZAR.

LATER, IN 1603, A MAN CLAIMING TO BE DMITRI APPEARED IN POLAND AND WAS RECOGNIZED BY THE POLISH GOVERNMENT. CZAR GODUNOV RIDICULED HIM AND CALLED HIM AN UNFROCKED MONK, BUT THE PRETENDER ORGANIZED AN ARMY AND INVADED RUSSIA IN 1604.

IT WAS THEN THAT GODUNOV ISSUED HIS ORDER FOR BARRICAADING THE BORDERS THAT PRESIDENT KENNEDY REFERRED TO IN HIS ADDRESS.

GB654PED

A71

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 25 (AP)-DIPLOMATS PUZZLED OVER A STATEMENT TODAY IN PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S SPEECH THAT "THE EVENTS AND DECISIONS OF THE NEXT 10 MONTHS MAY WELL DECIDE THE FATE OF MAN FOR THE NEXT 10,000 YEARS."

U.S. SOURCES SAID THE 10 MONTHS MENTIONED HAD NO SPECIAL SIGNIFICANCE. THEY SAID THE PRESIDENT HAD MERELY INTENDED TO COVER A PERIOD WHICH WOULD INCLUDE THE PRESENT SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY AND THE POSSIBILITY THAT IT MIGHT CONTINUE IN THE SPRING.

A99WX (USIA) (BA FW)  
(100) KENNEDY-USIA

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 25 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY IS GIVING FAST WORLDWIDE DISTRIBUTION TO PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S U.N. SPEECH.

THE VOICE OF AMERICA BROADCAST IT LIVE AND TRANSLATIONS ARE BEING MADE FOR THE 35 VOA FOREIGN-LANGUAGE SERVICES.

HIGHLIGHTS ARE BEING PUT ON 35-MILLIMETER FILM FOR SHIPMENT TO POSTS AROUND THE WORLD, WITH THE WORDS IN 29 LANGUAGES, FOR TELEVISION AND MOVIE THEATER USE.

THE ENTIRE SPEECH, IN ENGLISH ON 16-MILLIMETER FILM, GOES TO ALL OVERSEAS POSTS FOR SPECIAL SHOWINGS AND NEWSREEL USE.

TELEVISION TAPES ALSO ARE BEING DISTRIBUTED WIDELY.

IN ADDITION, THE FULL TEXT IS BEING RADIODE TO 93 USIA POSTS IN 84 COUNTRIES FOR DISTRIBUTION.

JA826PED

A116

FIRST LEAD GROMYKO-HOME (A83) (480)

BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

NEW YORK, SEPT. 25 (AP)-BRITISH FOREIGN SECRETARY LORD HOME REPORT-  
EDLY TOLD ANDREI GROMYKO TODAY THAT SOVIET TALK OF BRITAIN'S BEING A  
MOSCOW "HOSTAGE" AGAINST AN OUTBREAK OF WAR OVER BERLIN IS NONSENSE.

HOMME IS UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE MADE THE POINT TO THE SOVIET FOREIGN  
MINISTER EMPHATICALLY IN THE COURSE OF GIVING HIM A NEW WARNING THAT  
THE WESTERN POWERS ARE DEADLY SERIOUS ABOUT DEFENDING WEST BERLIN  
AGAINST COMMUNIST PRESSURES.

THE TWO MEN MET FOR 65 MINUTES AT GROMYKO'S PARK AVENUE HEADQUARTERS  
AND SPENT MOST OF THEIR TIME DISCUSSING BERLIN. THEY ANNOUNCED ONLY  
THAT THEY HAD DISCUSSED MATTERS OF INTEREST TO THE TWO COUNTRIES,  
PARTICULARLY INCLUDING THE BERLIN SITUATION.

WHEN GROMYKO EMERGED FROM THE CONFERENCE, HE WAS ASKED ABOUT  
PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S UNITED NATIONS SPEECH. HE SAID "SOME ASPECTS DO  
NOT MEET OUR OBJECTIONS REGARDING THE POSSIBILITY OF NEGOTIATIONS ON  
GERMANY."

ASKED BY NEWSMEN IF HE SAW ANY HOPEFUL SIGNS IN THE SPEECH, GROMYKO  
REPLIED "I WOULD NOT GO SO FAR. I WANT TO STUDY IT MORE  
THOROUGHLY."

A BRITISH SPOKESMAN SAID THE ATMOSPHERE OF THE HOME-GROMYKO MEETING  
WAS "BUSINESSLIKE, COURTEOUS AND CORRECT."

THIS WAS THE SECOND MEETING IN FIVE DAYS BETWEEN GROMYKO AND A  
WESTERN FOREIGN MINISTER. SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK CONFERRED  
WITH HIM FOR 4 1/2 HOURS LAST THURSDAY IN THE FIRST OF A SERIES OF  
TALKS BEGUN BY RUSK TO SEE WHETHER RUSSIA WILL AGREE TO A BROAD BASIS  
FOR BERLIN NEGOTIATIONS.

HOMME, WHO TOOK THE INITIATIVE FOR TODAY'S SESSION, ALSO SOUGHT  
INFORMATION ON RUSSIA'S ATTITUDE TOWARD NEGOTIATIONS BUT GOT NO  
FURTHER THAN RUSK HAD. APPARENTLY GROMYKO IS STILL AWAITING ANY NEW  
INSTRUCTIONS FROM SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV FOLLOWING THE TALK  
WITH RUSK.

RUSK IS EXPECTED TO SEE GROMYKO FOR A SECOND DISCUSSION WEDNESDAY.  
HOME MAY HAVE ANOTHER MEETING WITH GROMYKO THURSDAY. HOME PLANS TO  
RETURN TO LONDON FRIDAY.

THE QUESTION OF "HOSTAGES" AROSE BECAUSE KHRUSHCHEV SAID IN AN  
INTERVIEW RECENTLY THAT BRITIAN AND THE OTHER WESTERN EUROPEAN  
COUNTRIES ARE IN EFFECT HOSTAGES TO THE SOVIET BECAUSE THEY WOULD  
REFUSE TO JOIN THE UNITED STATES IN WAR FOR FEAR THEY WOULD BE  
ABSOLUTELY DESTROYED.

HOMME AND OTHER WESTERN LEADERS STILL ARE CONCERNED THAT KHRUSHCHEV  
MAY BELIEVE THAT, IN A BERLIN SHOWDOWN, THE WESTERN POWERS WILL NOT  
FIGHT. THE SOVIET LEADER HAS SAID ON MANY OCCASIONS THAT HE DOES NOT  
EXPECT WAR AND THAT HE IS GOING AHEAD WITH HIS PEACE TREATY PLANS TO  
GIVE SOVEREIGNTY TO COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY, INCLUDING CONTROL OF THE  
BERLIN SUPPLY LINES.

HOMME IS SAID TO HAVE TOLD GROMYKO THAT THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT IS  
MOVING ON A DANGEROUS COURSE AND THAT IF IT CONTINUES ON THIS COURSE,  
THE CRISIS WILL EXPLODE. IT WAS IN THIS CONNECTION THAT HE  
DENOUNCED ANY TALK OF THE BRITISH BEING HOSTAGES.

HOMME ALSO IS UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE TOLD GROMYKO THAT THE WESTERN POWERS  
WANT GENUINE NEGOTIATIONS ON BERLIN AND GERMAN QUESTIONS, INVOLVING  
GIVE AND TAKE BARGAINING. BUT HE SAID THEY DO NOT INTEND TO GO INTO  
NEGOTIATIONS ONLY ON KHRUSHCHEV'S PEACE TREATY PROPOSAL AND RELATED  
CHANGES IN THE STATUS OF WEST BERLIN.

IN A BRIEF INTERVIEW WITH REPORTERS AFTER HIS MEETING WITH HOME,  
GROMYKO SAID MOSCOW STILL WANTS JOINT AGREEMENT WITH WESTERN ALLIES ON  
A PEACE TREATY WITH EAST GERMANY. HE ADDED:

"IF THERE IS NO AGREEMENT, WE ARE GOING TO SIGN A PEACE  
TREATY. IF WE SIGN A UNILATERAL AGREEMENT, THEN THE WESTERN POWERS  
WILL HAVE TO DEAL WITH THE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC DIRECTLY."

30.24-1775

GROMYKO WAS INTERVIEWED BRIEFLY ON THE STEPS OF THE SOVIET PARK  
AVENUE HEADQUARTERS. HE HAD COME OUT TO SAY GOODBYE TO BRITISH  
FOREIGN SECRETARY LORD HOME, AFTER THE TWO MEN HAD HELD AN HOUR'S  
CONFERENCE INSIDE.

"WE TALKED ABOUT BERLIN AND OTHER MATTERS OF CONCERN TO OUR TWO  
COUNTRIES," LORD HOME SAID.

AS HE WATCHED THE BRITISH FOREIGN SECRETARY DEPART, GROMYKO  
LAUGHINGLY TOLD REPORTERS:

"HE WAS FRIGHTENED OFF BY YOU."

GROMYKO SAID KENNEDY'S SPEECH HAD NOT BEEN DISCUSSED BETWEEN  
HIMSELF AND LORD HOME. HE DECLARED:

"WE TOUCHED ON SEVERAL QUESTIONS OF MUTUAL CONCERN."

THE SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER STOOD PAT ON RUSSIAN DEMANDS FOR TROIKA,  
OR THREE-WAY DIRECTION FOR THE U.N. HE CALLED IT A GOOD INTERIM  
SOLUTION TO THE VACANCY CAUSED BY THE DEATH OF DAG HAMMARSKJOLD.

"IT WOULD SERVE IN A SENSE AS A TRIAL PERIOD," GROMYKO SAID.

GB718PED

A69 (100)

LONDON, SEPT. 25 (AP)-"WE ARE WITH THE AMERICANS," BRITISH FOREIGN  
SECRETARY LORD HOME SAID IN A TV INTERVIEW BROADCAST TONIGHT. HE TOLD  
THE RUSSIANS IT WOULD BE VERY UNWISE TO TRY TO DRIVE A WEDGE BETWEEN  
THE TWO COUNTRIES.

THE INTERVIEW WAS MADE IN NEW YORK, WHERE THE FOREIGN SECRETARY IS  
ATTENDING THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY, AND WAS BROADCAST BY THE BRITISH  
BROADCASTING CORP.

HE SAID HE OPPOSED THE SOVIET PROPOSAL FOR A THREE-HEADED REPLACEMENT  
FOR THE LATE DAG HAMMARSKJOLD AS SECRETARY-GENERAL. "IF WE CANNOT GET  
THE RUSSIANS TO AGREE TO THE APPOINTMENT OF A SECRETARY GENERAL,  
THEN WE MUST TRY FOR THE TEMPORARY SOLUTION OF SOMEONE TO MANAGE THE  
SECRETARIAT."

AS620PED

A149

UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., SEPT. 25 (AP)-AFTER PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S  
SPEECH TODAY, SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO SHOOK  
HANDS WITH HIM AND DECLARED: "YOU WERE IN GOOD FORM."  
THE TWO MET AS THE RUSSIAN PASSED THROUGH A RECEPTION LINE.  
GROMYKO APPEARED IN HIGH SPIRITS.

JS1259PED

A98KX

(WEST IN)  
DALLAS, SEPT. 25 (AP)-RETired ARMY GEN. ALBERT C. WEDEMAYER CHARGED  
YESTERDAY THE KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION WAS "SOFT ON OR APPEASING  
THE SOVIET UNION IN THE HOPE OF RECIPROCAL TREATMENT."

ARRIVING FOR A SPEECH TONIGHT, GEN. WEDEMAYER SAID IN AN INTERVIEW  
"I DO NOT CHALLENGE THE ADMINISTRATION. I DO NOT QUESTION MOTIVES  
BUT JUDGMENT."

AS AN EXAMPLE OF "APPEASEMENT," GEN. WEDEMAYER SAID TWO SOVIET SPIES  
WERE RECENTLY ARRESTED IN CHICAGO BUT "WERE NOT PUNISHED BUT JUST  
SENT BACK TO THE U.S.S.R."

THE 64-YEAR-OLD GENERAL SAID "I WOULD BREAK OFF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS  
WITH THE SOVIET UNION AND ALL COMMUNIST SATELLITES."

THE CASE WEDEMAYER MENTIONED INVOLVED IGOR MELEKH, A RUSSIAN  
EMPLOYEE OF THE UNITED NATIONS, AND WILLIE HIRSCH, A GERMAN-BORN  
ARTIST. THEY WERE INDICTED BY A FEDERAL GRAND JURY IN CHICAGO OCT.  
27, 1960, ON CHARGES OF CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ESPIONAGE FOR THE SOVIET

UNION. THEY WERE ACCUSED SPECIFICALLY OF TRYING TO OBTAIN AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHS OF CHICAGO, INCLUDING MILITARY INSTALLATIONS.

THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DECIDED LAST APRIL TO EASE FRICTION WITH RUSSIA BY DROPPING CHARGES AGAINST THE TWO MEN. ONE CONDITION WAS THAT MELEKH LEAVE THE COUNTRY. HE WENT BACK TO THE SOVIET UNION.

EG1131ACD

A37

(500)

NIGHT LEAD BERLIN  
BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

BERLIN, SEPT. 25 (AP)-PRESIDENT HEINRICH LUEBKE WAS REPORTED TO HAVE TOLD GEN. LUCIUS D. CLAY TODAY THAT THE GERMAN PEOPLE HAVE FULL CONFIDENCE IN THE FIRMNESS OF THEIR WESTERN ALLIES ON BERLIN AND GERMANY.

AT THE SAME TIME, INFORMANTS IN THE WEST GERMAN CAPITAL OF BONN SAID SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV HAS INDICATED HE MAY NOT RUSH THROUGH HIS SEPARATE PEACE TREATY WITH EAST GERMANY.

BONN INFORMANTS SAID THE SOVIET LEADER TOLD BELGIAN FOREIGN MINISTER PAUL-HENRI SPAAK IN MOSCOW LAST TUESDAY HE WAS NOT COMMITTED TO SIGN A TREATY BEFORE THE YEAR RUNS OUT.

BONN OFFICIALS RECEIVED THIS NEWS WITH SURPRISE. KHRUSHCHEV PREVIOUSLY HAD STATED MANY TIMES HE WOULD SIGN SUCH A TREATY BY THE END OF THE YEAR.

BUT IN THIS CONNECTION POLITICAL OBSERVERS IN BERLIN NOTED THAT THE EAST GERMAN PROPAGANDA MACHINE NO LONGER REFERS TO ANY DATE IN DEMANDING CONCLUSION OF A GERMAN PEACE TREATY AND THE TURNING OF BERLIN INTO A FREE DEMILITARIZED CITY.

A BONN FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN SAID THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT HAS NOT BEEN INFORMED BY THE UNITED STATES OF ANY CHANGE IN ITS POLICY ON BERLIN AND THE FUTURE OF GERMANY.

THE SPOKESMAN RECALLED AN ARTICLE OF THE 1954 AGREEMENT ENDING THE OCCUPATION OF WEST GERMANY, IN WHICH THE WESTERN POWERS ASSUMED THE OBLIGATION "TO ACHIEVE, BY PEACEFUL MEANS, THEIR COMMON AIM OF A REUNIFIED GERMANY ENJOYING A LIBERAL-DEMOCRATIC CONSTITUTION LIKE THAT OF THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC."

THE WEST GERMAN PUBLIC WAS ALARMED LAST WEEKEND BY REPORTS OF A CHANGE IN U. S. POLICY TOWARD GERMANY, AND THE PRESS WARNED AGAINST CONCESSIONS TO THE COMMUNISTS.

CLAY, WHO ARRIVED IN BERLIN AS PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE LAST WEEK, INDICATED TO NEWSMEN FRIDAY THAT THE WEST MAY EVENTUALLY CONSIDER SOME FORM OF LIMITED RECOGNITION OF EAST GERMANY.

HE SAID WEST GERMANY MUST FACE UP TO THE FACT OF THE EXISTENCE OF COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY.

THE LUEBKE-CLAY TALKS THIS MORNING WERE CONFIDENTIAL. NEITHER GERMAN NOR U. S. OFFICIALS WOULD OFFICIALLY DISCLOSE WHAT WAS DISCUSSED AT BELLEVUE CASTLE, LUEBKE'S BERLIN RESIDENCE.

PRESSED FOR INFORMATION ON THE TALKS, INFORMANTS REFERRED TO LUEBKE'S SPEECH SUNDAY WHEN HE ASSERTED THAT CLAY HAD COME TO BERLIN TO DEFEND AND NOT TO SURRENDER IT.

LUEBKE FLEW BACK TO BONN. HE LIKELY WILL TELL CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER WHAT HE SAW AND HEARD DURING HIS THREE-DAY STAY IN BERLIN.

UNCONFIRMED REPORTS CIRCULATED THAT EAST GERMAN COMMUNIST CHIEF WALTER ULRICH ALSO HAD FLOWN TO MOSCOW. HIS PURPOSE, THE REPORTS SAID, WAS TO DISCUSS THE GERMAN AND BERLIN SITUATION WITH KHRUSHCHEV.

ULBRICHT DID NOT ATTEND A THREE-DAY CONGRESS OF THE COMMUNIST DOMINATED WORLD FEDERATION OF TRADE UNIONS THAT CLOSED SUNDAY WITH A CALL FOR A SPEEDY CONCLUSION OF A GERMAN PEACE TREATY AND A DEMILITARIZED FREE CITY OF WEST BERLIN. BUT THE APPEAL FAILED TO MENTION ANY DATE FOR THE PEACE TREATY SIGNING.

EAST BERLIN MOVING MEN HELPED EVACUATE SEVERAL GARDEN HUTS NEAR THE ELEVATED TRAIN STATION OF SCHOENHOLZ, CONTINUING THE PROCESS OF CREATING A DEAD ZONE NEAR BARRICADES THROUGH WHICH EAST GERMANS KEEP ESCAPING. EVEN TWO OF THE MOVING MEN CREST THROUGH THE BARBED WIRE ENTANGLEMENT AND ESCAPED INTO WEST BERLIN.

WEST BERLIN POLICE REPORTED THAT THREE EAST BERLIN WOMEN, ONE CARRYING A 9-MONTH-OLD DAUGHTER, SLIPPED THROUGH THE BORDER BARBED WIRE DURING THE DAY AT REINICKENDORF, IN THE NORTH OF BERLIN. COMMUNIST POLICE FIRED A WARNING SHOT BUT THE REFUGEES REACHED WEST BERLIN SAFELY.

JS451PED

A110

WITH BERLIN  
WITZENHAUSEN, GERMANY, SEPT. 25 (AP)-A 62-YEAR-OLD EAST GERMAN FARMER AND HIS WIFE, SON AND DAUGHTER-IN-LAW SWAM TO FREEDOM ACROSS A CLOSELY GUARDED COMMUNIST BORDER RIVER NEAR HERE TODAY. WEST GERMAN POLICE REPORTED THE FOUR CROSSED THE 100-FOOT-WIDE RIVER WERRA IN FULL DAYLIGHT AND THEN ASKED FOR ASYLUM IN WEST GERMANY. THEY TOLD POLICE CONDITIONS IN THE COLLECTIVE FARM NEAR THE BORDER WHERE THEY HAD BEEN WORKING HAD BECOME UNBEARABLE.

AS907PED

A146 (260)

BY CARL HARTMAN

BERLIN, SEPT. 25 (AP)-A 77-YEAR-OLD WOMAN HUNG FROM A SECOND STORY WINDOW ON THE BORDER BETWEEN EAST AND WEST BERLIN. COMMUNIST POLICE TUGGED AT HER HANDS, A WEST BERLINER AT HER FEET.

FINALLY, SHE FELL INTO A WEST BERLIN FIRE NET UNHARMED. A PHOTOGRAPHER RECORDED THE SCENE YESTERDAY AT BERNAUERSTRASSE, ONE OF THE STREETS WHERE THE HOUSES ARE IN EAST BERLIN AND THE SIDEWALK IN THE WEST.

WEST BERLIN POLICE REFUSED TO GIVE THE WOMAN'S NAME, BUT THEY TOLD THIS STORY:

EARLY IN THE MORNING, COMMUNIST PEOPLE'S POLICE CAME INTO HER FLAT AND SAID SHE WOULD HAVE TO MOVE. SHE ARGUED, AND OTHER TENANTS BACKED HER UP. THE POLICE WENT AWAY--NOT VERY FAR, APPARENTLY--AND SOMEONE MANAGED TO NOTIFY WEST BERLINERS.

AT 11:30 A WEST BERLIN FIRE TRUCK DROVE UP AND THE FIREMEN SPREAD THEIR NET. FIRST, THE WOMAN THREW OUT A SHOPPING BAG CONTAINING A FEW PERSONAL BELONGINGS, AND--A WITNESS SAID--HER CAT. THEN THE OLD WOMAN HERSELF CLIMBED OUT AND STOOD ON A LEDGE BELOW THE WINDOW. A SMALL CROWD OF WEST BERLINERS GATHERED.

THERE WERE CRIES OF: "COME ON AND JUMP." BUT SHE COULDN'T MAKE UP HER MIND. A YOUNG WEST BERLINER CLIMBED ON TO THE LEDGE OF THE BRICKED-UP GROUND FLOOR WINDOW. HE SLIPPED AND FELL INTO THE NET. A SECOND CLIMBED UP AND GRABBED AT THE WOMAN'S FOOT. HER SHOE CAME OFF IN HIS HAND.

AT THAT POINT THE COMMUNIST POLICE SHOWED UP AT THE WINDOW AND GRABBED HER BY THE ARMS. UP CLIMBED THE TWO WEST BERLINERS AGAIN. ONE CAUGHT HER BY THE LEG. HE PULLED, THE PEOPLE'S POLICE TUGGED. FINALLY THE WEST BERLINER JUST DROPPED, STILL HANGING ON TO THE WOMAN'S LEG. THEY LANDED TOGETHER IN THE NET.

A WEST BERLIN NEWSPAPER QUOTED HER AS SAYING:

"I ALWAYS HOPED TO DIE IN THAT APARTMENT, I LIVED THERE SO LONG. YESTERDAY THEY TOLD ME I COULDN'T EVEN DO THAT. SO I WENT."

JS1249PED

A135

(600)

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR MONDAY PMS  
BY MICHAEL GOLDSMITH

30.24- 1777

(ADVANCE) BERLIN, SEPT. 25 (AP)-"NO, SIR," SAID THE WEST BERLIN POLICEMAN. "YOU CAN'T GO THROUGH TO STEINSTUECKEN. THEY'LL ARREST YOU IF YOU TRY."

HE STOOD AT THE CORNER OF MACHNOWER STRASSE AND KOENIGSWEG IN THE WOODED PARKLAND ON THE WESTERN EDGE OF BERLIN. BEHIND HIM, ON THE OTHER SIDE OF A DOUBLE FENCE OF BARBED WIRE, STOOD TWO VOPOS (COMMUNIST PEOPLE'S POLICE) IN THEIR RUSSIAN-STYLE UNIFORMS.

"THEY ALWAYS PATROL IN PAIRS," THE WEST BERLINER SAID. "THEY HAVE TO WATCH EACH OTHER. THEY NEVER TALK TO US, ANYONE WHO DID WOULD IMMEDIATELY BECOME SUSPECT."

THROUGH A GAP IN THE FENCE, A NARROW ROAD LED UP INTO THE WOODS ON COMMUNIST TERRITORY. A BATTERY OF SIGNS IN FOUR LANGUAGES WARNED ANYONE AGAINST CROSSING OVER WITHOUT A PERMIT. A HUNDRED YARDS AWAY IN THE WOODS, COMMUNIST FLAGS FLEW OVER A CHECK POINT ON THE ROAD.

A YOUNG GIRL CAME DOWN THE ROAD ON A BICYCLE. SHE GREETED THE TWO VOPOS CHEERFULLY, GAVE ANOTHER GREETING TO THE WESTERN POLICEMAN, AND RODE ON, WITHOUT STOPPING, INTO THE AMERICAN SECTOR OF BERLIN.

SHE IS ONE OF THE 200 INHABITANTS OF STEINSTUECKEN, AN ISOLATED ENCLAVE OF WEST BERLIN TERRITORY A MILE BEYOND THE ALLIED ERIMETER.

THE ROAD TO STEINSTUECKEN IS CLOSED TO ALL EXCEPT THOSE WHO LIVE THERE. THE TINY COMMUNITY ITSELF IS ENTIRELY SURROUNDED BY THE COMMUNIST BARBED WIRE BUT, FOR THE MOMENT, ITS INHABITANTS ARE LEFT IN PEACE AND ARE ALLOWED UNRESTRICTED ACCESS TO WEST BERLIN.

GEN. LUCIUS D. CLAY, PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE IN BERLIN, REGARDS STEINSTUECKEN AS A SYMBOL OF WESTERN RIGHTS IN THE CITY. ONE OF HIS FIRST ACTS AFTER ARRIVING HERE LAST WEEK WAS TO VISIT THE ENCLAVE BY HELICOPTER.

FRIDAY, THREE U.S. SOLDIERS WERE FLOWN IN TO SET UP WHAT LOOKS LIKE A PERMANENT ARMY POST IN THE COMMUNITY. A HELICOPTER AIRLIFT IS KEEPING THEM SUPPLIED.

THEORETICALLY, WESTERN FORCES IN BERLIN HAVE THE RIGHT TO DRIVE UP THE ROAD TO STEINSTUECKEN. BUT NO WESTERN TROOPS HAVE GONE TO THE ENCLAVE IN YEARS EXCEPT BY HELICOPTER. ANY ATTEMPT TO FORCE THE ROAD PAST THE COMMUNIST CHECK POINT COULD CREATE AN UGLY INCIDENT.

"I HOPE THE AMERICANS NEVER TRY IT," THE WESTERN POLICEMAN SAID. "IT WOULD ONLY STIR UP TROUBLE AND GIVE THEM A PRETEXT OVER THERE FOR CLOSING THE ROAD ALTOGETHER."

AT THE SIDE OF THE ROAD, SCORES OF BICYCLES WERE LINED UP IN A SHELTER. A CREAM-COLORED WEST BERLIN DOUBLE DECKER BUS STOPPED AT THE CROSSROADS.

"STEINSTUECKEN," THE CONDUCTOR CALLED OUT. IT WAS THE END OF THE LINE.

SEVERAL OF THE PASSENGERS FETCHED THEIR BICYCLES FROM THE SHELTER AND RODE OFF TOWARD THE ENCLAVE. OTHERS WALKED. THEY ALL KNEW THE GUARDS ON BOTH SIDES, AND GREETED THEM. MOST STEINSTUECKEN INHABITANTS SEEM TO FEEL IT'S BEST TO KEEP UP FRIENDLY RELATIONS ALL ROUND.

AN EAST GERMAN TRUCK WITH LOUDSPEAKERS MOUNTED ON THE ROOF DROVE UP TO THE BORDER FROM THE COMMUNIST SIDE.

"THE PROGRAM OF THE WEST GERMAN MILITARISTS IS BANKRUPT AND DOOMED," THE ANNOUNCER YELLED. "EVEN PRESIDENT KENNEDY IS TURNING AWAY FROM THEM. THE WEST BERLIN PROBLEM WILL SOON BE SOLVED."

"IT GOES ON FOR HOURS EVERY AFTERNOON," THE WESTERN GUARD SAID.

"IT'S PART OF THE WAR OF NERVES. THOSE WHO GO TO STEINSTUECKEN HAVE IT DRUMMING IN THEIR EARS ALL THE WAY HOME. IT MAKES THE COMMUNISTS EVEN MORE HATED ON BOTH SIDES OF THE FENCE.

"THE DIN DRIVES EVEN THE VOPOS CRAZY. A WEEK AGO ONE OF THEM SUDDENLY COULDN'T STAND IT ANY MORE, AND JUST CAME WALKING IN OVER THE LINE, MACHINE GUN AND ALL. I COULDN'T BELIEVE MY EYES WHEN I SAW HIM. AT FIRST I THOUGHT THE INVASION HAD STARTED. BUT THEN I NOTICED HE WAS SHAKING WITH FEAR."

SUDDENLY HE INTERRUPTED HIMSELF AND PUT OUT HIS HAND. "EXCUSE ME, SIR," HE SAID. "YOU HAVE ONE FOOT OVER THE LINE. YOU

HAVE TO BE VERY CAREFUL, YOU KNOW."

"WE DON'T WANT TO CREATE ANY TROUBLE."

(END ADVANCE FOR MONDAY PMS--MOVED SEPT. 23)

K1057AED

A105

400  
BERLIN, SEPT. 25 (AP)-THE EAST GERMAN COMMUNISTS ACKNOWLEDGED TODAY THERE IS SUBSTANTIAL RESISTANCE TO THEIR CAMPAIGN OF INTIMIDATION AGAINST THOSE WHO DARE TUNE IN WEST GERMAN TELEVISION PROGRAMS.

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE COMMUNIST YOUTH MOVEMENT, JUNGE WELT, BLANDLY DESCRIBED HOW SHOCK TROOPS OF COMMUNIST YOUTH, WEARING BLUE-SHIRTED UNIFORMS AND RED ARMBANDS, CRUISE UP AND DOWN EAST GERMAN STREETS LOOKING FOR TELEVISION AERIALS FACING WEST.

IT TOLD HOW THE SQUADS SEEK OUT THE OWNERS OF SUCH TELL-TALE AERIALS "TO BRING LUCIDITY INTO THEIR HEADS," AND ADMITTED THAT IN ONE GROUP OF 42 "OX-HEADS" (WEST VIEWERS) ALL BUT 12 REFUSED TO ALLOW THEIR AERIALS TO BE TAKEN DOWN.

THE REPORT LEFT NO DOUBT, HOWEVER, THAT THOSE WHO BETRAY THEIR WESTERN SYMPATHIES THROUGH THEIR TELEVISION AERIALS WOULD HAVE THEM TAKEN DOWN ANYWAY.

IT DESCRIBED A RECENT SHOCK TROOP OPERATION AT ZWICKAU, 40 MILES FROM THE WEST GERMAN BORDER.

THE SQUAD RANG AT ONE DOOR BELL AND HANDED THE RECALCITRANT VIEWER A LEAFLET EXPLAINING THAT "OUR MORTAL ENEMY, WEST GERMAN MILITARISM," WAS ON THE LOOSE IN HIS HOME BY WAY OF HIS TELEVISION SET.

BUT THE MAN REFUSED TO ALLOW HIS AERIAL TO BE DISMANTLED, THE ACCOUNT SAID, ADDING:

"QUIETLY AND INSISTENTLY, WE PRESENTED OUR ARGUMENTS. WE EXPLAINED THE PURPOSE OF WEST GERMAN TELEVISION, WHO PAYS IT, WHO BENEFITS FROM IT AND WHOM IT CAN HARM.

"THE DISCUSSION WENT UP AND DOWN FOR A WHILE, BUT OUR ARGUMENTS WON THE DAY. FINALLY, THIS CITIZEN RAISED NO FURTHER OBJECTIONS TO HAVING HIS AERIAL DISMANTLED."

THE NEXT WEST-VIEWER ASKED THE SHOCK TROOPERS SARCASTICALLY WHY THEY HADN'T BROUGHT THEIR BLACK LIST WITH THEM.

"YOU HAVE THE BLACK LIST VISIBLY ON YOUR ROOF," THEY REPLIED. "WE'LL HELP YOU GET RID OF IT."

"IT WAS A REAL JOY TO SEE ... PEOPLE WATCHING US BRING ORDER TO THE ROOFTOPS," THE ACCOUNT WENT ON.

"WE CAME TO AN OLD MAN WHO RECEIVED US IN A QUITE FRIENDLY WAY. WE DISCUSSED THE DANGERS OF WESTERN TELEVISION AND NOTED HOW PAINED HE WAS THAT WE YOUNG PEOPLE HAD TO SHAKE HIM INTO WAKEFULNESS, SO TO SPEAK."

DESPITE THE METHODS EMPLOYED, THE ACCOUNT CONCERED, 30 OF THE 42 WEST-VIEWING FAMILIES THE GROUP VISITED THAT DAY REFUSED TO BE "PERSUADED."

"WE WILL CONTINUE ... UNTIL THE LAST MAN UNDERSTANDS THAT THE AERIAL ON HIS ROOF IS A REFLECTION OF HIS THOUGHTS," JUNGE WELT CONCLUDED. "BUT THOSE WHO REFUSE TO UNDERSTAND--WE'LL CLIMB ON THEIR ROOF ANYWAY."

B945AED

A89

GERMAN 360  
FRANKFURT, GERMANY. SEPT. 25 (AP)-WEST GERMAN NEWSPAPERS TODAY

DESCRIBED REPORTS OF A CHANGE IN U.S. POLICY TOWARD GERMANY AS ALARMING AND WARNED AGAINST CONCESSIONS TO THE COMMUNISTS.

"IS GERMANY BEING SOLD DOWN THE RIVER?" READ A BANNER HEADLINE IN BILD ZEITUNG, WHICH HAS THE COUNTRY'S BIGGEST CIRCULATION. THE BIG BLACK TYPE WAS UNDERLINED IN RED AND A SUB-HEAD SAYING "ALARMING NEWS FROM WASHINGTON AND BERLIN."

THE ARTICLE REFERRED TO WEEKEND REPORTS THAT GEN. LUCIUS D. CLAY, PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE IN BERLIN, HAD SAID THE WEST GERMANS SHOULD FACE UP TO THE FACT OF EAST GERMANY. A KEYSTONE OF WEST GERMAN POLICY HAS BEEN REFUSAL TO RECOGNIZE THE COMMUNIST REGIME OF EAST GERMANY AND TO KEEP ANY OTHER COUNTRY FROM RECOGNIZING IT.

THE WIDELY READ DIE WELT NOTED THAT "REPEATED WARNINGS FROM ACROSS THE ATLANTIC HAVE NOW BEEN GENERALLY CONFIRMED, ALTHOUGH THE KIND AND EXTENT IS STILL LEFT TO THE IMAGINATION.

"IT CANNOT BE CONCEALED THAT MANY CONCESSIONS, WHICH AMERICA IS READY TO MAKE ACCORDING TO THE DISCLOSURES OF CLAY AND ALSO OTHER REPORTS, COME THREATENINGLY CLOSE TO SOVIET DEMANDS . . .

"WHAT IS DEPRESSING IS THAT OBVIOUSLY THE INTELLECTUAL IMAGINATIVE CAPACITY OF THE WEST IS LEADING TOWARD A POLITICAL SET-BACK FROM THE VERY BEGINNING AND THAT THE STARTING POINT FOR THESE NEGOTIATIONS HAS BEEN PUSHED BACK.

"THE PRICE FOR A FREE WEST BERLIN IS THUS PLACED DANGEROUSLY HIGH. AND WHERE DO WE FIND ANY MORE ROOM FOR BARGAINING?"

THE INFLUENTIAL FRANKFURTER ALLGEMEINE NOTED THAT THE CONCESSIONS BEING CONSIDERED BY THE UNITED STATES HAD BEEN LABELED "SECONDARY." IT ADDED SARCASTICALLY, "APPARENTLY THE DEGREE OF RECOGNITION WHICH THE WESTERN NATIONS AND WEST GERMANY ARE TO GRANT TO EAST GERMANY IS REGARDED ABOVE ALL AS 'SECONDARY.'

THE PAPER LATER WARNED, "THE 'SECONDARY' ISSUES SERVE AS A LEADER WITH WHICH THE COMMUNISTS REACH THE PRIMARY LEVEL. THEREFORE TAKE CARE WHEN SEPARATING INTO RANKS. NOT EVEN THE MOST UNFAVORABLE COMPROMISE GIVES PROSPECT OF LASTING AND BEING KEPT. IT IS WELL KNOWN THAT FOR COMMUNISTS NO AGREEMENT IS UNBREAKABLE. AS SOON AS KHRUSHCHEV SEES A CHANCE, HE WILL PRESS THE LEVER AGAIN. THE ROAD OF CONCESSION RUNS STEEPLY DOWNHILL."

HW826AED

A50 (200) ADVANCE FOR 6 A.M. EST

(ADVANCE) NEW YORK, SEPT. 25 (AP)-SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV HAS CONVEYED TO THE WEST HIS READINESS FOR NEGOTIATIONS RANGING OVER A WIDER FIELD THAN BERLIN AND GERMANY, THE NEW YORK TIMES SAID TODAY.

THE SOVIET LEADER'S VIEWS WERE RELAYED TO THE COUNCIL OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION BY PAUL-HENRI SPAAK, BELGIAN FOREIGN MINISTER AND FORMER SECRETARY-GENERAL OF NATO.

TIMES CORRESPONDENT SYDNEY GRUSON REPORTED FROM BONN, GERMANY, THAT SPAAK GAVE THE COUNCIL DETAILS OF HIS TALKS WITH KHRUSHCHEV IN MOSCOW LAST TUESDAY.

SPAAK TOLD THE COUNCIL THAT KHRUSHCHEV NEVER INDICATED A YEAR-END DEADLINE FOR TALKS WITH THE WEST, GRUSON SAID.

THE SOVIET PREMIER HAS SAID REPEATEDLY THAT HE INTENDS TO SIGN A SEPARATE PEACE TREATY WITH THE COMMUNIST EAST GERMAN REGIME BY THE END OF THIS YEAR.

GRUSON SAID KHRUSHCHEV'S REMARKS TO SPAAK, HOWEVER, CAUSED SPECULATION AMONG DIPLOMATS IN BONN THAT HE MIGHT DELAY THE SIGNING UNTIL AFTER NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE WEST.

THE UNITED STATES HAS BEEN SEEKING TALKS OVER THE WHOLE RANGE OF INTERNATIONAL PROBLEMS, INSTEAD OF LIMITING THEM TO BERLIN AND GERMANY.

"PRESUMABLY THIS MIGHT PERMIT SOVIET CONCESSIONS ON OTHER ISSUES TO BE MATCHED AGAINST ANY CONCESSIONS THE WESTERN ALLIES MIGHT OFFER ON THE BERLIN AND GERMAN PROBLEMS," GRUSON WROTE.

2559AED

B54 (Q)

--ALL POINTS--

(190) LONDON, SEPT. 25 (AP)-PROMINENT BRITISH LABORITES TODAY APPEALED TO PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV TO SPEED NEGOTIATIONS FOR A BERLIN SETTLEMENT AND DECLARE AN IMMEDIATE END TO NUCLEAR TEST EXPLOSIONS.

THE APPEAL WAS MADE IN A LETTER TO THE TWO GOVERNMENT LEADERS AND WAS SIGNED BY 59 LABOR MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT, INCLUDING FORMER CABINET MINISTERS AND PRESENT LEADERS OF BRITAIN'S SECOND RANKING PARTY. FORMER DEFENSE MINISTER EMANUEL SHINWELL APPEARED TO BE ONE OF THE LETTER'S MAIN SPONSORS. NEITHER FORMER LABOR LEADER LORD ATTLEE NOR HUGH GAITSKELL, THE PARTY'S PRESENT LEADER, SIGNED THE APPEAL.

"THE WORLD IS SO CLOSE TO WAR THAT A DELIBERATE OR ACCIDENTAL STEP ON EITHER SIDE COULD TAKE US OVER THE BRINK," THE LETTER SAID. "WE ARE OPPOSED TO WAR OVER BERLIN, WHICH WOULD LEAD TO THE ANNIHILATION OF THE PEOPLE OF BOTH EAST AND WEST. WE THEREFORE APPEAL TO THE HEADS OF THE AMERICAN AND RUSSIAN GOVERNMENTS TO TAKE IMMEDIATE STEPS TO RELAX THE TENSION."

AMONG THESE STEPS, THE LETTER SAID, SHOULD BE AN UNDERTAKING BY BOTH SIDES "TO HASTEN NEGOTIATIONS AND TO AVOID MILITARY ACTION OVER BERLIN" AND "AN IMMEDIATE MORATORIUM ON NUCLEAR TEST EXPLOSIONS PENDING A FINAL DISARMAMENT AGREEMENT."

ML421PED

A39 \*

WITH BERLIN

MOSCOW, SEPT. 25 (AP)-THE EAST GERMAN EMBASSY TODAY DENIED REPORTS RED CHIEF WALTER ULRICH IS IN MOSCOW, BUT, SINCE IT ALSO DENIED UNTIL THE LAST POSSIBLE MOMENT THAT HE WAS HERE LAST MONTH, THE RUMOR CONTINUED TO CIRCULATE. SOME SOURCES CONSIDER HE MAY HAVE FLOWN SOUTH FOR TALKS WITH PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV. AFTER ULRICH CONFERRED HERE THE LAST TIME, THE TA421PED

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B51 (Q)

(460)

AUGSBURG, GERMANY, SEPT. 25 (AP)-A GERMAN COURT TODAY TURNED DOWN REPORTER SIEGFRIED NAUJOCKS' REQUEST THAT TWO U.S. CONGRESSMEN AND THE U.S. SECRETARY OF THE ARMY BE CALLED IN HIS DEFENSE IN A SLANDER CASE.

NAUJOCKS, BEING TRIED ON CHARGES OF SLANDERING MAJ. GEN. EDWIN A. WALKER, FORMER COMMANDER OF THE U.S. 24TH INFANTRY DIVISION, SAID ARMY SECRETARY ELVIS J. STAHR WAS NEEDED TO TESTIFY THAT ARMY INFORMATION OFFICERS ARE PERMITTED TO GIVE INFORMATION ON THE HEALTH OF COMMANDING OFFICERS.

HE ASKED THAT THE CONGRESSMEN -- REP. FRANK KOWALSKI, D-CONN., AND HENRY S. REUSS, D-WIS. -- BE CALLED BECAUSE OF THEIR FAMILIARITY WITH THE WALKER CASE. HE ALSO REQUESTED THAT A NUMBER OF OFFICERS NOW ASSIGNED TO THE PENTAGON BE CALLED TO TESTIFY TO THE ACCURACY OF HIS REPORTING.

THE COURT REJECTED ALL THE REQUESTS SAYING IT COULD DECIDE THE CASE WITHOUT SUCH WITNESSES.

NAUJOCKS IS ACCUSED OF SLANDER IN HAVING TOLD MEMBERS OF WALKER'S DIVISION LAST DECEMBER THAT THE GENERAL SUFFERED FROM A BRAIN TUMOR AND THAT HE HAD SEEN A MEDICAL REPORT SAYING SO.

ARMY DOCTORS HAVE TESTIFIED THAT WALKER HAD BEEN EXAMINED AFTER HE COMPLAINED OF HAVING SEVERE HEADACHES BUT WAS NEVER FOUND TO HAVE A TUMOR.

NAUJOCKS, A GERMAN CITIZEN, IS EMPLOYED BY THE OVERSEAS WEEKLY, A PRIVATE NEWSPAPER WIDELY READ BY SERVICEMEN ABROAD. THE PAPER

30.24- 1779

PUBLISHED THE ORIGINAL REPORTS LAST APRIL WHICH SPARKED AN ARMY INVESTIGATION OF WALKER'S TROOP INFORMATION PROGRAM AND ITS ALLEGED USE OF MATERIAL FROM THE CONTROVERSIAL RIGHT-WING JOHN BIRCH SOCIETY. WALKER WAS RELIEVED OF COMMAND OF HIS DIVISION AND EVENTUALLY ADMONISHED BY THE ARMY COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN EUROPE.

THE COURT HEARD FINAL SUMMATIONS FOR BOTH NAUJOCKS AND THE PROSECUTION AND THEN ADJOURNED UNTIL TUESDAY.

AUGSBURG PROSECTURO FRANZ WEISS ASSERTED THE TESTIMONY PROVED NAUJOCKS HAD SLANDERED WALKER BY SPREADING UNTRUE REPORTS OF A BRAIN TUMOR. HE DEMANDED 1,800 MARKS (\$450) FINE OR 30 DAYS IN JAIL FOR NAUJOCKS.

WALKER'S LAWYER, WHO ASSISTED IN THE CASE, SAID WALKER HAD HIGH AIMS IN HIS TROOPS INFORMATION PROGRAM AND WOULD HAVE WELCOMED THE COOPERATION OF THE OVERSEAS WEEKLY HAD IT NOT BEEN MORE INTERESTED IN WHAT HE CALLED SENSATIONAL JOURNALISM. HE SAID THERE WAS EVIDENCE OF REAL AFFECTION FOR WALKER IN THE 24TH DIVISION AND THAT HE HAD BEEN A DEDICATED TROOP COMMANDER.

NAUJOCKS' ATTORNEY ASKED THE COURT TO DISMISS THE CHARGES. HE SAID THE CASE PROPERLY BELONGED IN AN AMERICAN COURT SINCE IT WAS OF LITTLE INTEREST TO THE GERMAN PUBLIC. HE SAID NAUJOCKS WAS A HARD-BOILED REPORTER, DOING HIS JOB IN A HARD-BOILED FASHION THAT COULD ONLY BE UNDERSTOOD IN AMERICAN TERMS.

EARLIER THE STATE ATTORNEY HAD REJECTED THIS ARGUMENT, CLAIMING GERMAN COURTS HAD THE DUTY TO PROTECT THE AMERICAN GENERAL FROM SLANDER BY A GERMAN REPORTER.

WH614PED

A91

(170)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 25 (AP)-THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY AGREED TONIGHT TO A FULL DEBATE ON THE QUESTION OF SEATING RED CHINA. THIS IS THE FIRST TIME IN 10 YEARS THAT THE ISSUE HAD NOT BEEN SHELFED.

THE CHINA REPRESENTATION QUESTION WAS ONE OF 91 ITEMS PLACED ON THE AGENDA OF THE CURRENT SESSION OF THE 99-NATION ASSEMBLY. THE STEERING COMMITTEE HAD RECOMMENDED INCLUSION OF ALL THE ITEMS LAST WEEK.

BOTH THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION BACKED THE CHINA DEBATE, ALTHOUGH EACH SUPPORTED A DIFFERENT FORMULATION OF THE QUESTION. THE ASSEMBLY AGREED TO LIST BOTH ITEMS--ONE SONSORED BY NEW ZEALAND AND THE OTHER BY THE SOVIET UNION.

THE ASSEMBLY OVERRODE SOVIET OPPOSITION AND INCLUDED ITEMS ON ALLEGED SUPPRESSION OF HUMAN RIGHTS IN TIBET AND ON THE SITUATION IN HUNGARY. THE VOTE ON TIBET WAS 48-14, WITH 35 ABSTENTIONS. THE HUNGARIAN QUESTION WAS PLACED ON THE AGENDA BY A VOTE OF 52-15, WITH 30 ABSTENTIONS.

NATIONALIST CHINA'S TINGFU F. TSIANG PROTESTED VIGOROUSLY AGAINST INCLUDING THE CHINA REPRESENTATION QUESTION IN THE AGENDA. HE ASSERTED HIS GOVERNMENT WAS THE ONLY LEGITIMATE GOVERNMENT OF CHINA.

HE DID NOT INSIST ON A FORMAL VOTE, HOWEVER, AND THE TWO CHINA ITEMS WERE INSCRIBED BY GENERAL CONSENT.

RK752PED

A127

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, SEPT. 25 (AP)-NATIONALIST CHINA'S PREMIER AND VICE PRESIDENT CHEN CHENG SAID TODAY HIS GOVERNMENT WILL STAND FIRM ON ITS DECISION TO USE ITS VETO POWER IF NECESSARY TO KEEP COMMUNIST OUTER MONGOLIA OUT OF THE UNITED NATIONS.

THE PREMIER TOLD A MEETING OF THE MAINLAND RECOVERY PLANNING BOARD OF WHICH HE IS CHAIRMAN THAT "OUR DETERMINED POLICY HAS NEVER BEEN CHANGED." . . .

AS1018PED

A107

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 25 (AP)-PERU'S PRESIDENT MANUEL PRADO TODAY CALLED FOR OUTLAWING OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS UNDER COMPLETE CONTROL AND BACKED A SINGLE SECRETARIAT TO REPLACE THE LATE DAG HAMMARSKJOLD.

"THE ATOMIC PROBLEM CAN NO LONGER BE SUBJECT TO ENDLESS DEBATES AND THE COURSE OF ADVANCE AND RETREAT," PRADO TOLD THE UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY IN A POLICY SPEECH. "WE ALL ANXIOUSLY AWAIT THAT FOR THESE WEAPONS TO BE OUTLAWED. BUT WE MUST HAVE COMPLETE CONTROL."

PRADO REJECTED THE SOVIET IDEA OF TROIKA (THREE-HEAD EXECUTIVE POWER) EITHER IN ARMS CONTROL OR THE NAMING OF A NEW SECRETARY-GENERAL, SAYING THE VETO WOULD PARALYZE CONTROL AND THE SECRETARIAT.

AS859PED

A90WX

(210) SOVIET PAMPHLETS

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 25 (AP)-SEN. HUBERT H. HUMPHREY, D-MINN., SAID TODAY RUSSIA SHOULD STOP SENDING PROPAGANDA THROUGH THE U.S. MAIIS IF IT IS NOT WILLING TO GRANT RECIPROCITY TO THIS COUNTRY.

HIS SENATE SPEECH TOOK NOTE THAT TWO BOOKLETS FROM THE RUSSIAN EMBASSY WERE WIDELY DISTRIBUTED TO MEMBERS OF CONGRESS AND NEWSMEN IN WASHINGTON IN THE LAST WEEK.

ONE DEALS WITH A NEW RUSSIAN ECONOMIC PROGRAM, THE OTHER WITH THE SOVIET POSITION ON GERMANY.

HUMPHREY SAID HE DID NOT TAKE THE POSITION THAT SUCH MAILINGS SHOULD BE BANNED BECAUSE HE BELIEVES IN U.S. TRADITIONS OF A FREE PRESS AND OF FREE SPEECH.

HE SAID THE BOOKLETS ALSO WERE CORRECTLY LABELED AS FROM THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT, AND THAT HE WAS SURE RECIPIENTS WOULD RECOGNIZE THEM AS PROPAGANDA.

BUT HE SAID IT WAS DIFFICULT IF NOT IMPOSSIBLE TO GET THE RUSSIAN POSTAL SERVICE TO ACCEPT SIMILAR AMERICAN MAILINGS.

THE MINNESOTAN NOTED THAT THE RUSSIAN BOOKLETS WERE MAILED AT BOOK RATE, WHICH IS BELOW THE ACTUAL COST OF HANDLING THEM.

"THIS IS AT A TIME WHEN WE HAVE A \$900 MILLION POSTAL DEFICIT AND WHEN WE ARE SPENDING BILLIONS OF DOLLARS FOR DEFENSE BECAUSE OF THE THREAT FROM THE COMMUNIST WORLD," HE SAID.

"I UNDERSTAND THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT IS MAILING HUNDREDS IF NOT THOUSANDS OF PIECES OF PROPAGANDA MATERIAL EVERY DAY. I DEMAND THAT THEY GIVE US RECIPROCITY OR QUIT SENDING IT."

JA746PED

A79AX (WX FW)

1961

(200) MIAMI, FLA., SEPT. 25 (AP)-THE PEACE CORPS INFORMED CHARLES KAMEN TODAY THAT IT HAD REJECTED HIS APPLICATION TO JOIN THE ORGANIZATION.

KAMEN ATTRACTED NATIONAL ATTENTION WHEN HIS CANDIDACY FOR THE CORPS DREW FIREY OPPOSITION FROM THE MIAMI ROTARY CLUB. THE CLUB SAID KAMEN APPLAUDED IN THE WRONG PLACES AS AN UNINVITED SPECTATOR DURING A CLUB SHOWING OF A FILM, "OPERATION ABOLITION."

THE FILM SHOWED THE HOUSE UNAMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE BEING HECKLED AS IT CONDUCTED HEARINGS ON THE PACIFIC COAST. KAMEN WAS EJECTED BODILY FROM THE SHOWING. HE SAID LATER, "I FELT MY ACTIONS MAY HAVE SHOWN A LITTLE IMMATURETY AND I REGRET THEM."

A PEACE CORPS ANNOUNCEMENT SAID THE 21-YEAR-OLD MIAMI YOUTH WAS ONE OF 25 STUDENTS WHO FAILED TO MEET SELECTION STANDARDS IN A PHILIPPINES TEACHER TRAINING PROJECT AT PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIVERSITY.

KAMEN WAS NOT AVAILABLE FOR COMMENT.

IN WASHINGTON, THE PEACE CORPS DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INFORMATION, TIMOTHY J. ADAMS, SAID KAMEN'S REJECTION WAS NOT DUE TO HIS INVOLVEMENT IN THE MIAMI INCIDENT. ADAMS DECLINED, HOWEVER, TO GIVE ANY SPECIFIC REASON FOR THE DECISION, SAYING IT WOULD NOT BE FAIR TO KAMEN OR OTHERS REJECTED.

ADAMS ADDED IT IS POSSIBLE THAT KAMEN AND THE OTHERS PASSED OVER MIGHT BE CONSIDERED FOR OTHER PROJECTS IN THE FUTURE.

AT THE TIME THE CONTROVERSY BROKE OUT, THE PEACE CORPS DIRECTOR, R. SARGENT SHRIVER, DECLINED TO DISMISS KAMEN FROM THE TRAINING UNIT AND SAID HIS FITNESS FOR OVERSEAS ASSIGNMENT WOULD BE JUDGED ON AN OVER-ALL BASIS. THE SAME AS ALL OTHER TRAINEES.

KAMEN FACES THE FORMALITY OF A REHEARING OF AN AUG. 24 DECISION OF THE MIAMI DRAFT BOARD TO DENY HIM DEFERMENT. HE IS CLASSIFIED 1-A. THE REHEARING WAS OBTAINED ON GROUNDS THAT KAMEN HAD NOT BEEN GIVEN A PERSONAL APPEARANCE OPPORTUNITY TO PLEAD HIS CASE. HE HAD ASKED TO BE REMOVED FROM 1-A STATUS AND DEFERRED IN ORDER TO TEACH IN THE PHILIPPINES AS A PEACE CORPS MEMBER.

ROY LEE JONES, CHAIRMAN OF THE DRAFT BOARD, SAID HE HAD NO COMMENT ON KAMEN'S REJECTION BY THE PEACE CORPS. JONES SAID KAMEN WOULD BE CONTINUED IN CLASS 1-A "AND WILL WAIT HIS TURN TO BE CALLED INTO SERVICE."

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WARD (180)  
BY CLAUDE BURGETT

HONOLULU, SEPT. 25 (AP)-UNLESS THE UNITED STATES GREATLY INCREASES ITS DEFENSE EFFORT, SOVIET RUSSIA WILL ATTACK AND OVERWHELM THIS COUNTRY, RETIRED REAR ADM. CHESTER WARD SAID TODAY IN AN INTERVIEW.

WARD, THE NAVY'S FORMER JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL NOW LIVING HERE, SAID HE HAD DEVOTED MUCH OF HIS CAREER TO STUDYING COMMUNIST AIMS AND STRATEGY.

WARD DECLARED THE RUSSIANS NOW HAVE THE CAPABILITY TO FOLLOW THIS COURSE:

MOUNT A 30-MINUTE MISSILE ATTACK AIMED AT DESTROYING ALL U.S. MISSILE LAUNCHERS AND STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND BASES BUT SPARING ALL CITIES EXCEPT THOSE ADJACENT TO MILITARY BASES.

THEN NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV WOULD BROADCAST ON WORLD WIDE RADIO THAT RUSSIA ATTACKED BECAUSE THE U.S. WAS ABOUT TO STRIKE RUSSIA. HE WOULD SAY THE UNITED STATES STILL MIGHT HAVE LEFT FORCES ABLE TO STRIKE RUSSIAN CITIES.

BUT KHRUSHCHEV WOULD WARN THAT RUSSIA WOULD DESTROY FIVE MAJOR AMERICAN CITIES FOR EVERY SOVIET CITY HIT.

THE CHOICE FOR THE AMERICAN PRESIDENT WOULD BE TO ACCEPT SUCH DESTRUCTION OR TO SURRENDER.

THE ONLY REAL DETERRENT TO SOVIET MISSILE ATTACK IS A SECOND-STRIKE CAPACITY TO WIN, WARD ARGUED.

SECOND-STRIKE CAPACITY MEANS BEING ABLE TO TAKE A THERMO-NUCLEAR ATTACK ON AMERICAN BASES AND THEN FIRE BACK WHEN THE ENEMY HAS EXPENDED HIMSELF.

BJ507PCS

A81 (120)

ATHENS, SEPT. 25 (AP)-GEN. LAURIS NORSTAD, SUPREME COMMANDER OF ALLIED FORCES EUROPE, SAID TONIGHT THE POWER OF NATO'S STRATEGIC RETALIATORY FORCES HAS "VASTLY REDUCED THE DANGER OF A GENERAL WAR."

"AN AGGRESSOR KNOWS THAT TO START SUCH A (GENERAL) WAR WOULD INVITE HIS OWN DESTRUCTION," NORSTAD TOLD THE OPENING SESSION OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION'S SEVENTH ANNUAL ASSEMBLY.

REFERRING TO NATO'S SHIELD-AND-SWORD EMBLEM, HE SAID:

"AN AGGRESSOR WOULD HAVE TO CONSIDER NOT ONLY THE STOUT SHIELD IN IMMEDIATE DEFENSE, BUT ALSO THE SHARP SWORD OF OUR STRATEGIC RETALIATION. THE SHIELD SERVES TO COMPLETE THE DETERRENT."

NORSTAD SAID FAILURE TO KEEP THE SHIELD REASONABLY STRONG ON THE NATO FRONTIER WOULD LEAVE MASSIVE RETALIATION AS "OUR ONLY RESPONSE TO AN AGGRESSION, REGARDLESS OF ITS NATURE."

JS518PED

A27 (160)

MOSCOW, SEPT. 25 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION HAS CHARGED THAT NATO MANEUVERS IN TURKEY ARE A PROVOCATION.

A STATEMENT TO THIS EFFECT WAS MADE TO THE TURKISH AMBASSADOR BY DEPUTY SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER NIKOLAI FIRYUBIN LAST SATURDAY, IT WAS ANNOUNCED TODAY.

MOSCOW RADIO BROADCAST THE REPORT OF THE INTERVIEW ONLY A FEW MINUTES AFTER ANNOUNCING THAT TROOPS OF THE WARSAW TREATY POWERS WILL HOLD WAR EXERCISES IN OCTOBER AND NOVEMBER.

THE OFFICIAL SOVIET NEWS AGENCY TASS SAID FIRYUBIN PROTESTED THAT NATO MANEUVERS "EMBRACED THE ENTIRE TERRITORY OF TURKEY, INCLUDING THE AREA DIRECTLY BORDERING ON THE FRONTIERS OF THE U.S.S.R. AND THE BULGARIAN PEOPLES REPUBLIC."

HE FURTHER DECLARED THAT THE USE OF THE BLACK SEA AND "THE BLACK SEA STRAITS" BY NATO WAS NOT IN ACCORD WITH INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS.

"THE VERY FACT THAT SUCH MANEUVERS ARE BEING HELD BY NATO STATES AT THE PRESENT MOMENT POINTS TO THEIR PROVOCATIVE NATURE," HE SAID. THE NATO EXERCISE, NAMED CHECKMATE, BEGAN ON SEPT. 12 AND INVOLVED THE TURKISH ARMY, U. S. AIRBORNE TROOPS, THE U. S. AND BRITISH AIR FORCES, GREEK TROOPS AND SHIPS OF THE U. S. 6TH FLEET.

JS312PED

A110 (140)

TOKYO, SEPT. 25 (AP)-JAPANESE MARITIME OFFICIALS AT MOJI SAID TODAY AMERICAN EDUCATOR-PACIFIST DR. EARLE REYNOLDS IS SCHEDULED TO REACH THAT SOUTHERN JAPANESE PORT ABOARD HIS YACHT PHOENIX TUESDAY AFTERNOON FOR A LAYOVER EN ROUTE TO THE SOVIET UNION TO PROTEST RUSSIAN NUCLEAR TESTS.

REYNOLDS, WHO SAILED HIS 30-TON YACHT INTO THE U. S. PACIFIC NUCLEAR TESTING ZONE IN 1958, LEFT HIROSHIMA SUNDAY DETERMINED TO SAIL THIS TIME TO VLADIVOSTOK OR ANOTHER SOVIET PORT IN A GESTURE OF PRIVATE PROTEST AGAINST THE RESUMPTION OF SOVIET TESTS.

ABOARD THE PHOENIX WITH REYNOLDS ARE HIS WIFE, SON AND DAUGHTER, AND A JAPANESE. REYNOLDS LEFT HIS TEACHING JOB AT HIROSHIMA WOMEN'S COLLEGE TO MAKE THE TRIP. HE SAID ON DEPARTURE HE HOPED TO REACH VLADIVOSTOK IN ABOUT A WEEK. BUT OTHER REPORTS INDICATE HE MAY CHANGE HIS DESTINATION TO NAHODKA.

THE PARTY IS MAKING THE TRIP WITHOUT SOVIET VISAS, WHICH WERE DENIED THEM, AND WITHOUT JAPANESE RE-ENTRY PERMITS, WHICH THE TOKYO GOVERNMENT REFUSED TO GRANT.

JS1012AED

A71 (CQ)

VIENNA, AUSTRIA, SEPT. 25 (AP)-A DELEGATION OF POLISH COMMUNIST PARTY AND GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS, HEADED BY PARTY CHIEF WLADYSLAW GOMULKJA, ARRIVED IN COMMUNIST CZECHOSLOVAKIA TODAY FOR AN OFFICIAL VISIT. GOMULKJA WAS MET IN PRAGUE BY PREMIER JOZEF CYRANKIEWICZ, THE CZECH NEWS AGENCY CETEKA REPORTED.

RUDE PRAVO, ORGAN OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA, SAID THE TWO COUNTRIES "HAVE THE GREAT HISTORICAL RESPONSIBILITY TODAY OF DEFENDING PEACE IN EUROPE" AGAINST WHAT THEY TERMED "WEST GERMAN MILITARISM."

2719AED

A99

130  
COVENTRY, ENGLAND, SEPT. 25 (AP)-MAYOR ALEXANDER DYNKIN OF STALINGRAD, ONE OF THE CITIES HARDEST HIT IN WORLD WAR II, DECLARED TODAY THE THREAT OF WORLD WAR III IS "A GRIM REALITY." DYNKIN IS ATTENDING AN INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE OF THE MAYORS OF COVENTRY AND 10 OTHER CITIES WHICH SUFFERED DEVASTATION BY NAZI FORCES.

"GERMANY, WHICH UNLEASSED THE SECOND WORLD WAR, IS AGAIN REARMING RAPIDLY," SAID DYNKIN. "AGAIN WE HEAR GERMAN VOICES SEEKING REVENGE AND REVISION OF FRONTIERS."

DYNKIN EXPOUNDED THE CURRENT MOSCOW LINE THAT TENSIONS CAN BE EASED BY MAKING PEACE TREATIES WITH BOTH EAST AND WEST GERMANY AND MAKING BERLIN A FREE, DEMILITARIZED CITY.

JANUSZ ZARZYCKI, MAYOR OF WARSAW, TOOK A SIMILAR LINE.

THE 11-CITY INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE WAS CALLED BY WILLIAM CALLOW, LABORITE LORD MAYOR OF COVENTRY.

B922AED

A16

BRANTFORD, Sept. 25 (AP)-DR. JACOB ZHIDKOV, 76, PRESIDENT OF THE RUSSIAN BAPTIST UNION, SAYS THE FEAR OF A THIRD WORLD WAR IS AS GREAT IN THE SOVIET UNION AS IT IS IN THE WEST.

MOST RUSSIANS DO NOT WANT ANOTHER WAR AND "FERVENTLY HOPE THERE WON'T BE ONE," ZHIDKOV SAID IN AN INTERVIEW YESTERDAY. ZHIDKOV'S IN CANADA AS A GUEST OF THE BAPTIST FEDERATION OF CANADA.

ZR344AED

A73WX

(250) KHRUSHCHEV-SPAAK PRECEDE BONN DAY

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25 (AP)-AUTHORITATIVE U.S. SOURCES SAID TODAY SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S RECENT TALK WITH BELGIAN FOREIGN MINISTER PAUL-HENRI SPAAK HAS SHOWN NOTHING EITHER NEW OR ENCOURAGING ON THE BERLIN CRISIS.

THIS WAS THE CONSENSUS OF U.S. POLICYMAKERS AFTER A STUDY OF REPORTS OF SPAAK'S DISCUSSION WITH KHRUSHCHEV IN MOSCOW LAST TUESDAY.

SPAAK, FORMER NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION SECRETARY-GENERAL, GAVE HIS ACCOUNT OF THE MEETING TO THE NATO COUNCIL THURSDAY.

SOME HAVE INTERPRETED KHRUSHCHEV'S VIEWS AS EXPRESSED TO SPAAK AS AN ABANDONMENT OF THE SOVIET BOSS' EARLIER STAND THAT AN EAST GERMAN PEACE TREATY MUST BE SIGNED BY THE END OF THIS YEAR.

U.S. AUTHORITIES SAID IT IS TRUE THAT KHRUSHCHEV DID NOT SPEAK OF ANY SPECIFIC TREATY TIME LIMIT BUT IN THE U.S. VIEW, KHRUSHCHEV'S FAILURE TO SPECIFY ANY DEADLINE DID NOT MEAN AN ABANDONMENT IN HIS POSITION. RATHER, IT WAS BELIEVED HERE, KHRUSHCHEV JUST DID NOT HAPPEN TO REPEAT SOMETHING WHICH HE HAS SAID MANY TIMES BEFORE.

INFORMANTS SAID KHRUSHCHEV DID REPEAT HIS CONTENTION THAT THE PEACE TREATY QUESTION IS URGENT AND THAT IT CANNOT BE ALLOWED TO GO UNACTED UPON FOR AN INDEFINITE PERIOD.

WASHINGTON OFFICIALS SAID PRESIDENT KENNEDY WAS AWARE OF THE REPORTS ON THE KHRUSHCHEV-SPAAK TALKS BEFORE HE GAVE HIS U.N. SPEECH TODAY.

IN THEIR SOMBER ASSESSMENT, U.S. POLICYMAKERS TOOK INTO ACCOUNT NOT ONLY THE KHRUSHCHEV-SPAAK CONVERSATIONS, BUT ALSO OTHER ASPECTS OF THE SITUATION, INCLUDING SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK'S MEETING LAST WEEK WITH SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO AND RED ACTIONS IN GERMANY.

JA632PED

A95 370

PRECEDE NEW YORK A50

BY JOHN O.KOehler

BONN, GERMANY, SEPT. 25 (AP)-PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV REMOVED THE

30.24-1781

END-OF-THE-YEAR DEADLINE FOR A TREATY WITH EAST GERMANY IN HIS TALKS WITH BELGIAN FOREIGN MINISTER PAUL-HENRI SPAAK, DIPLOMATIC SOURCES REPORTED TODAY.

"KHRUSHCHEV REPORTEDLY TOLD SPAAK THAT THE SOVIET UNION PREFERS SLOW NEGOTIATIONS TO A QUICK WAR," THESE SOURCES SAID.

SPAAK REPORTED TO THE COUNCIL OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION LAST THURSDAY ON HIS FIVE-HOUR TALKS WITH KHRUSHCHEV IN MOSCOW ON THE PREVIOUS TUESDAY.

KHRUSHCHEV WAS SAID TO HAVE TOLD SPAAK HE NEVER HAD COMMITTED HIMSELF TO SIGNING A PEACE TREATY WITH EAST GERMANY BEFORE THE END OF THIS YEAR.

GERMAN OFFICIALS EXPRESSED SURPRISE AT THIS. ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS KHRUSHCHEV HAS DECLARED THAT HE WILL SIGN A TREATY WITH EAST GERMANY BEFORE THE END OF THE YEAR, TURNING OVER CONTROL OF ACCESS TO WEST BERLIN TO THE EAST GERMAN COMMUNIST REGIME, UNLESS THE WEST AGREES TO A GERMAN PACE ON HIS TERMS.

"AS FAR AS WE KNOW HE HAS SAID THIS A NUMBER OF TIMES," OFFICIALS SAID.

DIPLOMATS SAID THEY UNDERSTOOD THE SPAAK REPORT TO MEAN THAT KHRUSHCHEV NOW PROPOSES TO DELAY SIGNING AN EAST GERMAN PEACE TREATY IF NEGOTIATIONS ARE UNDER WAY BY THE END OF THE YEAR.

KHRUSHCHEV ALSO WAS REPORTED TO HAVE TOLD SPAAK HE WAS READY TO DISCUSS WITH THE WESTERN POWERS OTHER SUBJECTS BESIDE BERLIN AND GERMANY.

ONE WEST GERMAN OFFICIAL SAID KHRUSHCHEV'S LINE IN TALKS WITH SPAAK, A FORMER SECRETARY-GENERAL OF NATO, WAS "MOST CONCILIATORY." WEST GERMAN OFFICIALS WERE NOT OPTIMISTIC, HOWEVER, DESPITE SPAAK'S REPORT.

"WE HEARD THE MESSAGE," SAID ONE, "BUT WE DON'T BELIEVE IT. HE HAS TAKEN ON THE FACE OF A MILD AND COMPROMISING PERSON FOR THIS OCCASION."

DIPLOMATS SAID THAT DESPITE KHRUSHCHEV'S RELATIVELY MILD ATTITUDE, HE REMAINED FIRM AGAINST INCLUDING THE STATUS OF EAST BERLIN IN ANY EAST-WEST NEGOTIATIONS. HE TOOK THE LINE THAT EAST BERLIN IS THE CAPITAL OF EAST GERMANY AND CANNOT BE DISCUSSED.

ONLY RECENTLY, IN AGREEING THAT SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO WOULD MEET WITH U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK AT THE UNITED NATIONS TO SOUND OUT THE POSSIBILITY OF NEGOTIATIONS, THE SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER SAID THE TALKS WOULD BE LIMITED TO THE STATUS OF WEST BERLIN BASED ON AN EAST GERMAN PEACE TREATY.

THE WEST HAS INSISTED THAT OTHER SUBJECTS CREATING TENSION SHOULD BE DISCUSSED AS WELL. THE ATTITUDE OF THE WEST HAS BEEN THAT KHRUSHCHEV WAS TRYING TO NEGOTIATE ONLY FOR WHAT THE WEST NOW HOLDS, NOTHING THAT THE EAST HOLDS.

B911AED

A106

220  
GENEVA, Sept. 25 (AP)-THE WORLD FEDERATION OF SCIENTIFIC WORKERS (WFSW) TODAY CALLED FOR RECOGNITION OF COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY AND A NEUTRALIZED WEST BERLIN TO AVOID THE DANGER OF NUCLEAR WAR.

A WFSW RESOLUTION DESCRIBED AN OUTBREAK OF ATOMIC WAR AS AN IMMINENT POSSIBILITY.

IT SAID:

"IT IS ESSENTIAL THAT RECOGNITION BE GRANTED TO BOTH GERMAN STATES WITHIN THEIR EXISTING FRONTIERS. AND THAT WEST BERLIN BE

GIVEN THE STATUS OF A NEUTRAL FREE CITY."

THE WFSW, GENERALLY CONSIDERED A COMMUNIST FRONT ORGANIZATION AFTER THE MODEL OF THE WORLD PEACE COUNCIL, ADOPTED THE RESOLUTION IN A TWO-DAY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEETING IN GENEVA. THE DOCUMENT WAS HANDED TO NEWSMEN BY PROF. CECIL F. POWELL, BRITISH PROFESSOR AT BRISTOL UNIVERSITY WHO WON A NOBEL PRIZE FOR PHYSICS IN 1950.

THE WFSW RESOLUTION EXPRESSED "PROFOUND CONCERN AT THE RESUMPTION OF NUCLEAR TESTS," BUT MADE NO MENTION OF RECENT SOVIET ATMOSPHERIC TEST SERIES. ASKED WHY, PROF. POWELL SAID WFSW IS "A SCIENTIFIC, NOT A POLITICAL ORGANIZATION."

NEWSMEN WERE PUZZLED BY A PASSAGE IN THE RESOLUTION SAYING "THE JOINT AGREEMENT (OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION IN NEW YORK) OPENS THE WAY FOR IMMEDIATE CESSION OF TESTS OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS."

A SOVIET-AMERICAN REPORT TO THE U.N. LAST WEEK SAID THERE WAS BROAD AGREEMENT ON SEVERAL DISARMAMENT PRINCIPLES BUT THAT THE TWO SIDES WERE STILL FAR APART ON HOW TO NEGOTIATE DISARMAMENT.

B956AED

A72

LONDON, SEPT. 25 (AP)-QUEEN ELIZABETH II FORMALLY OPENED TODAY THE SEVENTH POSTWAR CONFERENCE OF THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH PARLIAMENTARY ASSOCIATION.

THE 130 DELEGATES WERE EXPECTED TO CONCENTRATE ON DEFENSE AND ECONOMIC PROBLEMS, WITH SPECIAL EMPHASIS ON BRITAIN'S PROPOSED ENTRY INTO THE EUROPEAN COMMON MARKET. SOME NATIONS OF THE COMMONWEALTH FEAR THIS STEP WILL HAVE SEVERE REPERCUSSIONS ON THEIR TRADE WITH THE MOTHER COUNTRY.

"IN THE WIDE ASSOCIATION WHICH IS THE COMMONWEALTH WE MUST ALL TRY TO CULTIVATE THE VIRTUES OF TOLERANCE AND UNDERSTANDING, TO RECOGNIZE EACH OTHER'S QUALITIES AND TO RESPECT EACH OTHER'S FEELINGS," THE QUEEN SAID.

7721AED

gpd  
Sept 25/61